## THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

### JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

# The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENDENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1880.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIV, NO. 12
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLV, NO. 3



## RATES OF ADVERTISING.

| SPACE. | 1M. | 2M. | 3M. | 6M. | 1Y. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| one inch | $2.00 | $3.50 | $5.00 | $8.00 | $8.00 |
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| Half column | 10.00 | 15.00 | 18.00 | 25.00 | 40.00 |
| One column | 20.00 | 25.00 | 30.00 | 50.00 | 100.00 |

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line. Regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.


## Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Krickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Krickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert R. Little.
Sheriff—I. H. Ent.
Surveyor—Samuel Neyhard.
Treasurer—H. A. Sweppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Richart.
A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—H. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott.

## Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—I. S. KUHN.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—D. Layenck.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. R. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

### CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Mayday.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. E. H. Yocum.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6¾ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6¾ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. R. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening are held on Saturday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Roeser
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—2 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST,
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill," known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3¾ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend


SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and Trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.


### BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

D. R. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Above 4th East side.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

M. McHENRY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. Office N. W. C. Market and Fifth St. Diseases of the eye a specialty. aug. 29, 6m.

D. R. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

D. R. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1 1879.

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds required. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, 79-tf

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
april9,1878.

### CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel Bloomsburg, Pa.

| | Capital. |
|---|---|
| Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut | 6,500,000 |
| Liverpool, London and Globe | 20,000,000 |
| Royal of Liverpool | 13,500,000 |
| Lancashire | 10,000,000 |
| Fire Association, Philadelphia | 3,100,000 |
| Farmers Mutual of Danville | 1,000,000 |
| Danville Mutual | 75,000 |
| Home, New York | 5,600,000 |
| | $80,037,000 |

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26,'80—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa,
oct. 26, 79-1y.


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COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

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Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
jan. 11, 1878

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Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ext's Building.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE—In Barman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in USANGER'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
jan. 10, '78-tf

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe oct. 1, 1879.


## W. H. HOUSE, DENTIST.

BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Good sets for $10.
Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.
*To be open at all hours during the day.*
Will be at the office of Dr. L. B. Kline in Catawissa on Wednesday of each week.
Nov. 28-ly

B. F. SHARPLESS, D. LEACOCK.

NEW FIRM.

## SHARPLESS & LEACOCK,

Cor. Centre and Rail Road Sts., near L. & B. Depot.

Lowest Prices—will not be undersold.

Manufacturers of MINE CAR WHEELS, Coal Breaker and Bridge Castings, Water Pipes, Stoves, Tinware, Plows, IRON FENCE, and all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings.

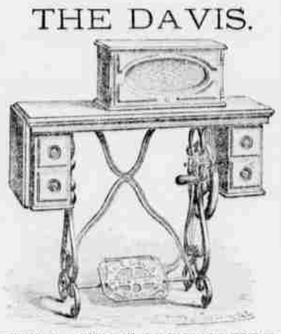
The original Montrose, Iron beam, right hand, left hand, and side hill Plows, the best in the market, and all kinds of plow repairs.

Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, and Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also the largest stock of repairs for city stoves, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Cross Pieces, Lids &c. &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Skillits, Cake-Plates, large Iron Kettles, (30 gallons to 1½ barrels) Farm Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes,

"Allentown Bone Manure"

PLASTER, SALT, &c., &c.
Jan 9, '80-1y

THE DAVIS.



THE LATEST IS THE BEST.
The Greatest Sewing Machine of the Age

Don't fail to see this wonderful piece of perfection, the New Davis Vertical Feed Shuttle Sewing Machine. Manufactured at Watertown, New York.
All are cordially invited to call and inspect the New Machine and obtain samples of work, more beautiful and desirable than ever before accomplished and utterly impossible for any other to duplicate.
Thousands witnessing the immense range of work, and discarding their old machines for the NEW MACHINE, is sufficient proof of its superiority and bring for the DAVIS a trade that runs the factory to its fullest capacity.

The Vertical Feed,

Which supercedes the under feed, is the hinge upon which swings the UNPARALLELED SUCCESS,

Composed of only 13 Working Parts,

while others have from forty to seventy-five, making the least complicated, the most durable and most reliable machine in use.
It positively leads all others, DOING AWAY with all basting, and is the LIGHTEST RUNNING SHUTTLE MACHINE IN THE WORLD! and gives general satisfaction. Will be sold at the recent popular REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES. Samples of work free.
J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 3, 79-1y.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY,
GERM AN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These old CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY FAIR DEALING
Nov. 16, '80.

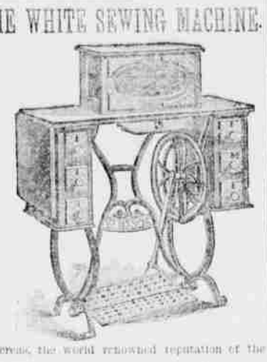
C. E. SAVAGE,
DEALER IN
Silverware. Watches, Jewelry. Clocks. &c.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.
May 17, '78-tf

PIANOS—ORGANS.
Cheapest House in America. Odoliess Instruments, all new, for cash or installments; warranted six years. Illustrated catalogue free. Agents wanted. T. LEEDS & CO., Agts.,
No. 48 West 14th Street, New York.
feb 23, ew 6tl

$1500 TO $5000 A YEAR, or $3 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 5 cents to $1 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Those who are employed are making money rapidly. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then judge for your self. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. oct 4, 79-1y

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE.



Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the

White Sewing Machine

induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a

WHITE MACHINE

except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.

WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE

White Shuttle Sewing Machine,

PLATE NUMBER 103330 FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.
This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.
This warranty will not be established unless the late number above given corresponds with the under on the shuttle race slide. Beware of defaced or altered numbers.
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine
Has GREATER CAPACITY than any other family sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.
J. SALTZER, General Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 3, 79-1y.

ESPY PLANING MILL.

The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work.

Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.

made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.
CHARLES KERN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without losing time from your present employment. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland Maine.
oct 5, 79-1y

THE ONLY CURE

For Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Pain in the Back, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, Catarrh of the Bladder, Burning or Painful Urinating, Brick Dust Deposits, Affections of the Spine, Female Debility, Female Weakness, and all Diseases of the

Kidney, Bladder and Urinating Organs.

It avoids Internal medicines. Is comfortable to the patient. Certain in Results, and CURES when nothing else can. Sound all other Kidney Pads, as many worthless imitations are being forced upon the market. We will send certificates of cures, and our book, "How a Life was Saved," free upon the receipt of your address.
DAVIS' PAD is sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, $2.00.

Distributing Agency at the
PEOPLES' DRUG STORE,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Jan 26, '80—1y

The Bitters invariably remedy yellowness of the complexion and whites of the eyes, pains in the right side and under the right shoulder blade, furred tongue, high colored urine, nausea, vertigo, dyspepsia, constipation, heartburn of the heart, mental despondency, and every other manifestation of or accompaniment of a disordered condition of the liver. The stomach, bowels and kidneys also experience their regulating and tonic influence.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.
Oct 8, 1y.


## Poetical.

### DON'NT STAY LATE TO-NIGHT.

The hearth of home is beaming
With rosy ray to-night,
And lovely eyes are gleaming
As falls the shades of night.
And while the steps are leaving
Two circle grave and bright,
A tender voice, half grieving,
Says, 'Don't stay late to-night.'

The world in which they move in,
So busy, brave and wild:
The world of her they love in
Is to the single child.
She waits for thy warm greeting,
The smile to her delight;
Her gentle voice entreating,
Says, 'Don't stay late to-night.'

The world is cold, inhuman,
Will spare thee in thy fall;
The love of one pure woman
Outlives and cheers them all.
The children will sing round thee,—
Let fate be dark or bright;
At home no shaft shall wound thee,—
Then, 'Don't stay late to-night.'

### "STONE THE WOMAN."

Yes, stone the woman—but the man go free!
Draw to, ye your skirts lest they pollutants may touch.
Her garment as the passes but to bite,
Put forth a willing hand to clasp with his
That led her to destruction and despair,
And up from her the sacred waters roll,
That she no more may with us harlot mate.
But hope to him all honorable paths,
Where he may win distinction. Give to him
Fair, pressed down measure of thine sweetest joys,
Pass her, O mother, with a pure, proud face,
If she puts out a poor, polluted palm
And say nay word to show your scorn,
And swear to cling to him with wifely love
And tender reverence. Trust him who led
A sister woman to a fearful fate.

Yes, stone the woman—let the man go free!
Let one soul suffer for the guilt of two—
Is the doctrine of a hurried world.
Too out of breath for holding balances
Where nice distinctions and injustices
Are subtly weighed. But, ah, how will it be
On that strange day of mist and flames,
When men and women with equal look
And lifted head shall stand before the one true Judge?
Shall not a make them a difference in sin?
Shall he, the Searcher of the hidden heart,
In His eternal and divine decree
Condemn the woman and forgive the man?

## Select Story.

### TOM'S SISTER.

She was 15 when her mother died and Tom was 17, and the baby barely five hours old. She never went to school after that. The housekeeping fell upon her, and she had to be a little mother to the motherless baby. Her father, who was a bookkeeper, had never earned over a thousand a year. Ivah's rearing, therefore, had been on a basis of simplicity and frugality.

People said the new duties would prove too heavy for her, for there was hint of the fragile in her slight little body, though there was nothing sickly-looking about her. There was a fresh, though delicate color in her cheek, life in her blue eyes, and in all her movements a freeness which asserted an elastic nature.

When she was 18 her father was found dead at his desk. At once all the family income was cut off. Tom, at that time, was studying bookkeeping, and in assisting his father, had some practice in the work.

'You must ask for father's place, Tom,' Ivah said.

It was the day after the burial. Tom had his face in his hands the picture of abandon. He raised his head. His eyes were swollen and very red with weeping.

'I don't see how you can bear to think of such things in our great sorrow,' said Tom. 'I want nothing but to lie down and die.'

Ivah's face was white and pinched, but her eyes seemed looking away to the guiding star of duty.

'But dear,' she said, 'we have got to go on living. It would be selfish and cowardly for either of us to die and leave the other. And then, too, there is our baby. There is just one way, Tom; we must find where our duty lies and go to meet it. Our duty is to live for each other and for baby. To do this we must work. We can't afford to lose a day from work. We owe for the coffin in which our father is buried. I have been making plans. I have discharged Mrs. McGill. I can take care of the baby and do housework, and I can keep our table expenses to $6 a week. But we haven't even that to spend unless you can work. You ought to go right away and ask for papa's place. If you prefer, I will go and ask for you.'

'Harris Brothers would not pay me a thousand dollars,' said Tom.

'Of course not,' said Ivah. 'You're a new hand. Perhaps they would not pay you anything at the start; but it would be much if you could even secure the place.

'They need an experienced bookkeeper. I could not do their work,' Tom said, dejectedly.

'I could help you, Tom,' said Ivah, cheerlingly. 'You could bring the books home and we could work together at night after I get baby asleep.'

'I've no idea that they would give me a trial.'

'May I go ask them too?'

Tom's silence gave consent, and Ivah went.

Her father had been in the employ of Harris Brothers for twenty-three years. They were kindly disposed toward her and Tom; they would like it if he could take the father's place; they hardly thought he could fill it. Yes, they were willing he should try.

Tom was a beginner; his brain was clouded with sorrow; his heart ached. He felt such a dread of the future with its sudden responsibilities, that he must have failed but for Ivah's words of courage and hand of help.

In the most despouting mood, when he was ready to let go, to let fate come in, there was the sister, patient and brave, to bring forward reserve forces and save the day.

Never a word had she about her own heartache; never a word of the hard day passed at washing, ironing or baking, with baby's hindering little hands to be kept from the scalding water or the hot irons or the swelling dough.

Never a word heard Tom of the sweeping day, when she went into every corner of the desolate house; discovering reminders of the dear father, which brought sudden spasms of pain, to be borne alone. Not a word did he hear of the backaches and armaches in soothing fretting baby to her afternoon nap; nothing of the lonely time when she sat in the silent, silent house, wearily patching and darning; nothing of the drudgery over the hot stove, of the dishwashing and of the mopping.

She planned her work and hurried it along to keep the unpleasantness out of Tom's sight and hearing.

Returning at night he would find the baby in bed, having had her bread-and-milk supper.

The little round table would be set, looking cheery and inviting with clean linen, clear glass and polished silver, while perchance flowers on the mantle brightened and sweetened the room.

And when the supper table was cleared Ivah would sit by Tom to do the multiplying and dividing, and adding and verifying—the drudgery of the bookkeeping.

At length the anxiously expected day came when Tom was to hear the judgment as to his trial.

When he returned at night Ivah scrutinized his face, her heart fell at perceiving that it was not very cheerful. She refrained from asking questions, leaving him to choose his time and manner of communicating the result.

'Harris Brothers offer me the place at forty dollars a month,' he said, after supper.

'Oh, Tom, how glad we ought to be! how thankful! I've felt all the time that God meant to take care of us,' Ivah said, and then she broke down and cried.

'But if I can do the work of the place,' said Tom, grumbling, 'I don't see why I shouldn't have the wages which belong to it. I've almost decided to tell Harris Brothers that I will not work for half pay.'

'Oh, don't Tom, don't!' cried Ivah, taking alarm. 'Think how much it is worth to have secured the place. Take what you can get till you have gained skill and have demonstrated your value. When you are sure of your skill, and they are sure, you may ask for a higher salary. We can manage well with forty dollars. I find new ways of economizing every day.'

On and on she went, till Tom was persuaded to close with Harris Brothers' offer.

He would not have been able to deserve this but for his sister's watchful help.

Even after he had gained skill in the work he still brought his books home for her aid. Often she was left bending over the figures while he went out to refresh himself at some place of amusement or by a call.

Before the year was out Tom's salary had been raised to $70 a month; and a few months later he announced that he was to have $1,000.

'Isn't it good, dear Tom?' Ivah said, cuddling close up to him. 'We can begin to lay up something for baby's education.'

'I can't spare much money,' said Tom, with his eyes downcast. There was silence for a moment, and then he went on with some words that made his sister's heart beat in a dreadful way.

'The fact is, I've been waiting for a raise in my salary—to—to make an important change in my life.'

Ivah's heart stood still in terror.

Again Tom paused.

'What is it Tom? What change? You are not going away?'

'No. I suppose I ought to have told you before. Tim—I'm engaged to be married.'

She gasped 'Oh, Tom!' and then broke into tears.

Tom was vexed at her emotion.

'I don't see why you need take on at this rate,' he said, with petulance. 'I should think you'd rejoice at any happiness that comes into my life of drudgery.'

'Yes, sobbed Ivah; 'but it was so unexpected! Dear Tom, I am glad of anything that will make you happier. Of course it has been very dreary for you since father died, and you have had to work hard.'

She did not add, as many another would have done, 'And I have worked hard; and your work, Tom, has taken you out into the light and life and sunshine; mine has tied me to the lonely house. You have had time and heart to make love and to win love.'

She said naught of this, but asked the name of the woman who was to take her place.

When Tom gave it she said: 'That sounds like a French name.'

'She is of French parentage,' Tom submitted.

'When do you expect to be married?'

'Next Wednesday.'

'And this Saturday. 'I fear I can't get things ready for you. Your room ought to be repapered.

'No matter about my room,' said Tom, with a nervous haste, for he saw a chance in a natural connection what he dreaded to say: 'I think we had better go to Mrs. Hill's for a few months at least. I want Marie's honeymoon at least to be pleasant. Baby's getting to be such a bother. It would make you much more work, too,' he hastened to add, glad of so good an excuse.

'What would the house be without Tom?' cried Ivah's poor heart. Then, too, the prudent little soul trembled at the extravagance of Tom's plan.

'I don't see, Tom, how you can afford to take rooms at Mrs. Hill's. If we divide we double the expense; I don't see how we can manage on a thousand dollars.'

Tom rose from his chair and flung himself into another.

'I don't suppose we shall stay there a year,' he then said. 'Of course I can't keep up two establishments; that isn't to be expected of a man. Other young men marry and set up for themselves. You can't expect that I can stay tied up to you always, Ivah. I should think you might do something to earn a living. You can't expect to go through life without work. Why can't you teach?'

Ivah replied with low, pathetic voice: 'You ought to know why, Tom. I have been doing housework since I was 15. I have no preparation for teaching.'

'Well, said Tom, in his easy way, 'you have a good head for planning. You'll have to think it over and determine what you'll do.'

He went out and left his sister sitting with white face and wide eyes.

It was not dismay that she must go out single-handed to the combat that kept her sitting there like a statue; it was that Tom was willing that she should fight alone.

With a deserted feeling she went into where baby was sleeping; she dropped beside the bed; she kissed baby's hand, thrown out.

Then she put her eyes against the counterpane and made a vow never to desert—baby! She would as soon thought of promising never to desert her heart. She promised never to desert Tom. She had a vague fear that evil was advancing upon Tom. She knelt there till she persuaded herself that she had no right to censure Tom. All young men fell in love, and all wanted to marry. She could not expect Tom to be a sacrifice to her and baby.

'When she had thus decided, she sat up and began to plan her future.

There seemed only one thing for Ivah to do; to take some boarders.

Before going to bed, she went to the *Tribune* office with an advertisement for the morning paper.

By the time that Tom had vacated his room and gone to Mrs. Hill's, an elderly man and wife were ready to move into it. Table boarders also came. The first day Ivah cooked for seven boarders. She had a young girl to look after baby, wash dishes, run on errands, etc.

Ivah's rule was to have a few dishes, well prepared, and having a home flavor. As she had reckoned, this pleased. The seven boarders brought in others. Before the month was out there were more applicants than her table would accommodate.

At the month's end, with a throbbing heart, Ivah carefully cast up her accounts. When this was done she put up the little book, caught baby to her knee, kissing and hugging the child. The little landlady had came out ahead. There was a balance of $13 in her favor.

She knew that her boarders were so well pleased that she could venture a small advance on her prices. Very small it was, only seventy-five cents a head on the week, but it told on the returns.

Before five months had passed, Ivah decided to take a larger and better house, more conveniently situated for business people, and to put up her prices. The house was nearer Tom's quarters, and before Ivah was settled, Tom came around with his books.

'It will be so pleasant to have you near,' he said.

Ivah discerned the sadness in his smile. She had remarked before that Tom was looking thinner and more worn.

'Whenever you are belated in your work, you must come and let me help you, Tom,' she said, beckoning to cast up a column of figures.

When they had finished the work, she inquired about Marie.

'She's at the theatre,' said Tom, with a dash of bitterness in his voice and in his face.'

'Why didn't you go with her?' Ivah asked.

'I couldn't afford it,' said Tom; 'besides, I have to work. You know I keep Mrs. Weber's books besides Harris Bro's books.'

'I suppose you're laying by something, but you mustn't overwork. Couldn't Marie help you some?'

'Marie!' Tom cried, with a derisive laugh.

Ivah was greatly pained that Tom could use such a tone toward his wife.

'There is nothing Marie can do except to spend money. I am not laying up anything she keeps me in debt every hour of my life. I am owing ninety-six dollars board now.'

'Why,' Tom,' cried Ivah, shocked. 'Why don't you go to a cheaper boarding house?'

'I can't get away from Mrs. Hill's till I have settled arrears, unless I leave my trunks. Think of that humiliation!'

'Oh, Tom, I would do anthing, I would live on parched corn, before I would live in debt.'

'But you could not help the debt if you were bound to such a person as my wife.'

That night she lay awake, planning for Tom, remembering her vow to stand by him—to desert him never. He needed her now.

The next day she called at Mrs. Hill's, and by becoming surety for the payment of Tom's arrears, she had his belongings moved to her boarding house. As this was now a stylish establishment, Marie made no objection to the move, especially as some of the ladies at Mrs. Hill's had begun to eat her.

Ivah believed with Tom that the secret of Marie's extravagance and discontent and dissipation was the want of useful employment. Ivah set herself to meet this want.

'The French women have such a knack at making things look their best, and you have such taste Marie, that it would be a real favor to me if you would see to the setting of the table,' Ivah said with her prettiest manner, which was very pretty indeed.

So Marie, her skill and self esteem flattered, went into the dining room and did her best at spreading the table, and Ivah praised the result. By some similar finesse Marie was induced to take charge of the ladies' parlors.

Then Ivah beguiled Marie, who was really good natured, to learn cake-baking. Marie became positively infatuated with the work, and every morning, right after breakfast, she would go to the kitchen and make the cakes for the following day.

Time which belonged to her own affairs and to baby Ivah gave to attending Marie to lectures and concerts and other amusements less dissipating than the theatre.

To tell how Ivah's work for Marie was done would be to tell a long and wonderful story of patient, persistent, watchful adroit devotion, under many trying circumstances.

In the midst of the training Ivah was asked to become the wife of a man whom she much esteemed, and toward whom her heart had been tending.

He was a talented young lawyer, well started upon a promising practice. It was very enticing to the girl—for Ivah was not yet 21—the thought of a quiet home where she could have a rest, cherished and cared for—she who had always been caring for others.

But she dared not let go of Marie and Tom, and there might be such a thing as a baby being unwelcome.

Years passed, and Ivah—well, when she saw clearly that Tom could do without his sister—she went to help a certain young lawyer who declared that he could not do without her. And 'baby' is Ivah's baby yet, for her two strong boys, who came to her in her happiness and prosperity, can never displace her mother's baby, with whom Ivah learned to bear the cross, whose pathetic cry called her into the sacred path of duty, which leadeth toward the sunrising.
—*Youth's Companion.*

### "IS LIFE WORTH LIVING?"

Mr. Curtis once asked Mr. Greeley, in response to a similar question put to him by the great editor, 'How do you know, Mr. Greeley, when you have succeeded in a public address?' Mr Greeley, not averse to the perpetration of a joke at his own expense, replied: 'When more stay in than go out.' Mr. Mallock's famous question, answered by himself in a weak way, and repeated by Professor Milvart, and answered in a stronger way, is practically voted on every day by the entire human race, and decided in the affirmative. 'More stay in than go out,' for reasons very much less important than those considered by Mr. Mallock and Professor Mivart. There are great multitudes of men who possess neither the Roman Catholic faith nor rightness of life nor love, who yet live out their lives in the firm conviction that it pays them to live—men who are to no high considerations, such as would have weight with the Mallocks and Mivarts.

There is a great pleasure in conscious being. So universal is this that, when a man occasionally takes his life, it is considered by those whom he leaves behind him as presumptive proof that he is insane. We say of a man who designedly ends his life that he is not in his right mind. One of the most pathetic things about death is the bidding good by to a body that has been the nursery and home of the spirit which has charmed through the ministry of so many senses.

'The what, to dimest consciousness a pest,
This passing, anxious being, ere postponed,
Left via warm products of the essential day,
Nor cast one longing, lingering look behind.'

Men find their pay for living in various ways. Hope may lie to them, but they always believe her, nevertheless. The better things to come, of which she tells all men, become, indeed, the substance of the thing desired; that is, expectation is a constant joy and inspiration. The pay of this day's trouble and toil is in the reward which is expected to-morrow. That reward may never come, but the hope remains; and so long as that lives, it pays to live. It pays some men to live, that they make money, and command the power that money brings. To what enormous toils and sacrifices the love and pursuit of money urge a great multitude of men! The judgment of these men as to whether life is worth living is not to be taken at life's close, when they sum up their possessions and what they have cost but while they are living and acting. A man whose life is exhausted may well conclude that what he has won is vanity; but it was not vanity to him while he was winning it, and, in full possession of his powers, he believed that life was worth living.

* * * * *

Life is quite worth living to all those who find engaging objects of pursuit, and especially to those who win success in their pursuits. We repeat, therefore, that by almost a unanimous vote, the human race practically decides that every day life is worth living. Mr Mallock thinks it is worth living provided a man has faith in a great church; and Professor Mivart—a Catholic himself—thinks life's highest values are in the doing of duty and in love. To do right, to sacrifice one's self for love—these are better things than pleasure. To love and to be loved—these are things that pay. To be conscious of nobility of character and unselfishness of life; to be conscious that our lives are brought into affectionate relations with other and harmonious life—what are these but life's highest values? What are these but the highest satisfactions of conscious being?

If this be true—that character and duty and love are better than pleasure and better than any success without them—then there is no human being who needs to say that life is not worth living. But the people who do not succeed, who are unloved, who live lives of pain and want and weakness—what is there for these? A chance of conscious nobility of character and life; and if this be not enough, as it rarely is, a faith, not in a great church, but in a good God, and an immortality that will right the wrongs and heal the evils of the present life and round into completeness and symmetry its imperfections and deformities. Is it not foolish, after all, to raise the question of success or failure in treating a life that is only germinal or fractional?

### THE ART OF TALKING.

If we notice closely we shall find the people who are the most popular in social life are those who understand not only how to talk themselves, but how to make others talk. This is a very valuable gift. To be able to direct conversation so to draw out the opinions and quicken the thoughts of those with whom you talk—this is an accomplishment indeed. It makes each a contributor to the enjoyment of all, and leaves with each a pleasant sense of having said something which others were glad to hear. There

# The Columbian.

O. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Mar. 19, 1880.


Auditor General Schell has presented us with a copy of his report for 1879, for which he has our thanks.

General Hancock appears to be growing in favor with the Democracy of this State, as a candidate for President.

### CENSUS SUPERVISOR.

On Friday last, the name of C. P. Jadwin, of Scranton, who was sent to the Senate as Supervisor of the Census for the Fifth District, was rejected. Jadwin is a Republican. It is likely that the name of Dr. Sturdevant, of Wilkes Barre, will next be sent in, and there is a probability that he will be confirmed. If not, it will likely be some other Republican. John M. Clark, who was first named for the office, is in every way qualified for it, a fact admitted by everybody. The district, it was understood, was to have a Democratic supervisor. If now we are to have a Republican to fill the place, we shall be indebted to Senator William A. Wallace for it. Clark could have been confirmed without any difficulty but for Wallace, and we are assured on good authority that Wallace promised Klotz that he would make no opposition. How he kept that promise we all know.

### A FEW MORE CONUNDRUMS.

"Why is it" that the subscription list of the COLUMBIAN is constantly increasing and expressions of friendliness come to us from good Democrats from all parts of the county? It is because the Democrats know that we are not afraid to champion any man or principle which the party has endorsed, and that we do not fear to demand reform of evils wherever they exist. "Why is it" that the Republican party is weaker to-day in the county in proportion to the population than it was some years ago? It is because that party has no organ or leaders in which they have any confidence, and never know when they will be betrayed for a "little public patronage."

Who fought the new jail job and did much to bring about the overthrow of the first contract? The COLUMBIAN. Who sat quietly by and said not a word while a conspiracy was going on to rob the taxpayers? The *Republican*. What caused it to hold its tongue? About twelve dollars worth of job printing.

History shows that a centralization of power has always resulted in the overthrow of the liberties of the people. Since the Republican party has been in power, it has been constantly aiming at centralization. It has defied the constitution, ignored the rights of States, procured partisan constructions of the laws from its judges, and accorded to the Executive far more authority than was ever contemplated by the founders of the government. They have but two more steps to take; first, to elect Grant to the Presidency for a third term, thus overriding one of the most sacred of the unwritten laws of the land, and if they succeed in this, to declare him Emperor, thus securing to themselves continuous authority which will obviate the necessity of their running the risk of losing control every four years. Their programme has been fully disclosed, and the tour of Grant around the world, forcing himself upon the notice of crowned heads with the assistance of our foreign ministers who are parties to the scheme, is only a part of the deep laid plot. Will free American citizens, regardless of party, allow themselves to be caught in such a net?

### DEATH OF HON. JOHN McREYNOLDS.

John McReynolds was born in Northumberland county, near Watsontown, April 3, 1788, and died in Bloomsburg, Columbia county, March 14, 1880.

He was a man of great probity and force of character, and was a politician of the elder type, when mere personal aggrandizement was not the main business of life. The political history of Columbia county for the last fifty years would be largely a history of John McReynolds. And yet he did not come, even locally prominent, until he was a man of some age. He was an adroit manager of men, so much so that his followers mostly believed that they were carrying out their own views and wishes.

He represented the County of Columbia in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, with Eli Thornton in 1824—with Christian Probst in 1825—with William McBride in 1826—with Christian Probst in 1827—with John Robison in 1828. He was defeated in 1849 by Benjamin P. Fortner, but was elected in 1850 over C. B. Bowman.

He was the Democratic candidate for Congress, in the district composed of the counties of Columbia, Montour, Luzerne and Wyoming in the fall of 1858, but was beaten by George W. Scranton.

He was nominated and elected to the office of Associate Judge of Columbia county, and was commissioned November 23, 1861, for the term of five years, which office he filled with dignity to the satisfaction of his constituents for its full period.

He was a member of the Electoral college when Pearce was elected President, was Supervisor of the North Branch of the Pennsylvania canal under Governor Porter for two years, was afterwards collector for the same for three years at Berwick; revenue commissioner for two years, an office now abolished. Judge McReynolds is the last of a family of nine children, two of which were older than he. All lived to be over seventy years of age, except one sister, who died in infancy.

Thus at the age of 78 years, Hon John McReynolds, retired from active life. But retaining his faculties to the last, he has enjoyed constantly, the society of his friends, and the attention of his immediate family. If there were ever any political asperities they have been long forgotten for his confreres have all gone before him, and the politicians of to-day were boys when John McReynolds was in the prime of his power and his manhood.

It is a common expression, "There is a skeleton in every house." There are a few instances, however, where real human skeletons are found imbedded within the closet walls, as was the case the other day in Baltimore. An old mansion was recently purchased and a portion of the walls demolished. While making way with the material the skeletons of a woman and infant child were found entombed, evidently placed there long years ago by the guilty actor in a domestic tragedy.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D C. March 15th, 1880.

During the past week, besides listening to the Fitz John Porter debate, the senate has done little beyond passing General Burnside's amusing bill to provide instruction in moral and social science in the schools of the District of Columbia under the direction of the Commissioner of Education. In the House Mr. Wood has been permitted to explain the new Funding bill, and has received a sharp intimation that the inaction of his committee in regard to the tariff is not acceptable to a possible majority of the House. By far the most important action, however, has been the passage of a bill amendatory of the act of March 3, 1875, regulating the removal of cases from State to federal courts. Its effect is not only to restrict the facilities afforded by that act, but, as one of its general supporters admitted, to alter the Judiciary act of 1879, by limiting the original cognizance of the Circuit Courts in civil suits, whether at common law or in equity, so as to exclude those in which a State *Corporation* is a party except when arising under the patent of copyright laws. The vote to strike out this provision was yeas 35 nays 95. The tendency of the bill is still further illustrated by the fact that it was advocated at length by Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, who has a bill of his own pending to repeal utterly the law authorizing removals, and whose grievance is the encroachment of the Federal upon the state judiciary.

Those who expect an adjournment before the 4th of July will probably be disappointed. All the heaviest of the appropriation bills are yet to be reported. Besides these bills the House has before it a vast amount of other business. There are in the Committee of the whole House 109 bills and other propositions, on the House calendar thirty-two bills, etc., and over 250 bills on the private calendar. There are on the table over 100 bills from the Senate. Some of these bills are of great importance, and members interested in them will make a fight for them even as against the appropriation bills. Among the most important bills in Committee of the whole are the printing bill, the bill to repeal the taxes on leaf tobacco in the hands of the producers, the bill to pension soldiers of the Mexican War, several bills relating to coinage, and a large number for the construction of public buildings in different parts of the country. On the house calendar the bill for the relief of Gen. Fitz John Porter, the bills regulating the inter-State commerce and other important measures. Besides this it is not unlikely that in deference to sentiment of the House the Committee of Ways and Means will be compelled to reverse its action and report some tariff legislation, relating especially to paper, sugar, and salt. Under the rules, precedence must be given to committees to-day to make motions to suspend the rules.

HILTON.

### WHY IS IT?

EDITORS COLUMBIAN:

In the COLUMBIAN of the 12th inst., you make the above inquiry, and then proceed to give some thoughts in regard to old-time majorities in this county. I agree with you that the candidates depend too much upon a nomination, and do nothing afterward. Why is it? In my opinion, in nine cases out of ten, men get the nomination who can do nothing after the nomination. Men will travel the county for months, spend money freely, and perhaps fail and feel sore, and cry fraud. A man in this county, now dead, told me he traveled weeks, spent seven hundred dollars and got three whole delegates. Suppose we reverse the order of things; make a rule that no person, by himself or friends, that travels and solicits a nomination, shall be eligible to such office, and that a man when nominated, who refuses to travel, hold meetings, or cause them to be held, and in every legitimate manner possible, works for the party shall not be entitled to a nomination. There was a time when a Democrat would be suspected of being untrue to principle, if he was found working with the opposition.

Now how is it? Democrats are found working with the opposition in every possible way to the hurt of their own party. How are you to nominate honest men? It can only be done by honest means. I hold that it is not honest to buy votes, whether it be by money or jugs full. Money left with farmers, merchants or at hotels to be used except as provided by law is dishonest.

It can be proven that persons have traveled this county with jugs of whiskey in their buggies and bottles in their pockets. It is a notorious fact that some at least of our nominations are conceived in sin, born in iniquity, and defeated through rascality. I can not agree when you urge men to work for themselves. Let a man work for the principles involved, and leave the result with the party. Our present Rules of Convention are calculated to cure all the ills of the Democratic party, but in the last canvass were entirely ignored, and the cry of fraud never investigated. I agree with you that something must be done, if we expect to secure old-time majorities in this county. To that end let there be a rallying of Democrats who *want no office*. Let them see that no man is upon the ticket unfairly, or if upon the ticket, bring him to the bar of the rules of investigation. Make open public issues, and ask candidates to stand or fall by them. There are principles involved in the coming campaign. How will we meet them? Will we stand firm, shoulder to shoulder, or will we act each for himself? Let there be a rallying of the men in this county who have been *driven* out of politics, by intrigues and office hunters, repair the breach made last fall by our enemies, and pave the way for an old-time Democratic majority. As soon as our enemies find us united, all working for principle not men, then shall we cease to hear the question, "Why is it?"

E. M. TEWKSBURY.

CATAWISSA, Pa., March 15, 1880.

It is a disgrace to the true spirit of patriotism for Republicans of the United States Senate to continue their partisan prosecution of Fitz John Porter, whose votes, and love of country and devotion to her interests, ranks him among her first citizens. Logan, who is a rebel sympathizer and worked to raise troops to assist the South in 1860, is qualified to lead such an unjust, disloyal and dishonorable crusade.—*Williamsport Banner.*

A Boston swindler advertised for "a lady or gentleman to address circulars evenings at home," and to the thousands of persons who responded by mail he sent letters saying he would pay $7 a thousand for addressing envelopes. He added: There are many who answer advertisements for mere curiosity; to protect ourselves against such a bore, we are obliged to insist upon a deposit of $1, which you can claim after the delivery of the first 1,000 circulars." The pay offered was so liberal that the dollars poured into his post-office box at the rate of 200 a day; but he got none of them for the postmaster refused to deliver them.

From the report of the Auditor General, we glean the following:

There was paid in the State Treasury by corporations, &c., in this county, during last year, tax on stock,

| | |
|---|---|
| Bloomsburg Iron Company | $300 00 |
| Berwick Rolling Mill Company | 21 90 |
| Bloomsburg Gas Company | 202 66 |
| Espy Lime & Cement Co. | 63 00 |
| Locust Mountain C. & I. Co. | 1,500 00 |

TAX ON LOANS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Columbia County | $119 70 |
| Bloomsburg | 47 03 |

TAX ON BANK STOCK.

| | |
|---|---|
| First National Bank, Bloomsburg | $475 00 |
| First National Bank, Berwick | 712 50 |

TAX ON NET EARNINGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bloomsburg Banking Company | $77 43 |
| Jackson, Woodin & Jackson | 66 00 |

TAX ON WRITS, WILLS AND DEEDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| B. F. Zarr, late Prothonotary | $95 55 |
| W. Krickbaum, Prothonotary | 333 93 |
| W. H. Jacoby, Register & Recorder | 341 93 |

TAX ON COLLATERAL INHERITANCE.

| | |
|---|---|
| W. H. Jacoby, Register & Recorder | 700 06 |

RETAILERS' LICENSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| H. A. Sweppenhiser, County Treasurer | 1,943 43 |

BONUS ON CHARTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bloomsburg Water Company | 37 50 |

There has been paid during the year in aid of pupils who declared their intention of becoming teachers in the common schools, to the Sixth district, $2,113 50. To school districts in this county, $2,478.82. Pensions and gratuities to persons in this county, $450 00. The total receipts at the State Treasury from December 1st, 1878 to November 30th, 1879, was $7,422,363.90. Payments during the same period were $6,529,063 24.

### A STORY OF LINCOLN.

J. S. Brisbin gives the following to the Philadelphia *Times*:

One day not long after Mr. Lincoln issued his Emancipation Proclamation, Mr. Wade came in, laughing all over his face and said:

"Well, Old Abe has just done the damnedest thing you ever heard of. He has given out he has the small-pox to keep the politicians and office-seekers away from the White House."

The story ran thus: Mr. Wade went to the White House to see Mr. Lincoln, who had been ill. He found the President a little pale, but jolly as he could be.

'Sit down, Wade, I am glad to see you. Oh, I have the funniest thing to tell you; it will make you laugh. I never did such a thing before in my life, and never will again. Then the President laughed until the tears ran down his cheeks.

"Now, Wade," he said, "you are not to repeat this outside, for it would give offense, and it by no manner of means comports with the dignity which is supposed to hedge a President about. The doctor put me up to it to rid myself of a bore; I ought not to have done it, but I couldn't help it, it was so funny. You know I have been ill, and a great many people have wondered what ailed me, but none of them could find out. The truth is I was worried to death and talked sick, pretty much by one man, the most everlasting bore you ever saw who wanted an office. I knew he would come again as soon as I was able to sit up, and the doctor put me to bed to get rid of him by saying I had the small-pox. I only got out yesterday, and sure enough, this morning he called on me. I had determined to be polite to him, but he staved so long, the humor seized me and I determined to send for the doctor. Giving him the wink, I held out my hand and inquired:

"Doctor, what marks are those on my hand?"

"That's varioloid,' or mild small-pox," said the doctor?"

"Well," said I, "its all over me. It's contagious, is it not, doctor?"

"Very contagious, indeed," he replied, 'and you should see no one."

"My visitor, who had been getting more and more nervous every moment, now could stand it no longer, and rising, said:

"'Well, Mr. Lincoln, I can't stop any longer. I just called to see how you were,' and then he started to hurry out.

"'Stop a minute; I want to talk to you about that office.'

"'Excuse me, Mr. President. You are not well this morning, and I won't bother you,' said he, shoving toward the door.

"'Never mind, said I; 'don't be in a hurry. It's all right, and if you are going to get the varioloid you will get it now anyhow; so you might as well sit down.'

"'Thank you, sir, but I'll call again,' he replied, fairly turning livid and executing a masterly retreat from the fearful contagion with which he supposed me to be afflicted.

"'Now, said Uncle Abe," it will be all over the city in an hour that I have small-pox, and you can contradict the story, but I want you to promise that you will not repeat what I have just told you.'"

Wade laughed until he was weak and when he could get his breath sufficiently to speak he looked at the clock as was his custom, and said:

"Now for a little business and then I will go."

"Don't go," cried Uncle Abe, and laying his head in his hands on the desk in front of him, he laughed until he shook all over. Presently raising up his face from between his hands he wiped his eyes and blew his nose until the report sounded like the winding of a horn. After another fit of laughter he said:

"Wade, you should have seen him, and how scared he was. I'll bet that fellow never comes back here while I am President."

As might have been expected, hardly had Mr. Wade quitted the White House, when he heard the President had the small-pox and was very sick. Wade promptly contradicted the story, but that night it was telegraphed all over the country, and many people will yet remember the story of Mr. Lincoln's having the varioloid during the war.

Commenting on the report, Uncle Abe said to Wade: "Some people said they could not take my proclamation very well, but when I get the small-pox, Wade, I shall then be happy to say I have something *everybody* can take."

### Suicide of C. Cathcart Taylor.

Charles Cathcart Taylor, city editor of the Philadelphia *Times*, died last Saturday from the effects of a pistol shot discharged in mental aberration by his own hand. Taylor has been in ill health for two months, and his physical disorder was supplemented and aggravated by accumulation of business troubles, which brought on a mental disturbance involving depression of spirits. Sunday morning he awoke and, though very weak, proposed to accompany his wife to church. She persuaded him he ought to sleep longer and went down stairs to prepare some beef tea in the hopes that it would strengthen him. While she was gone he fired the fatal shot.

Emil J. Petroff, of Philadelphia, one of the bribery conspirators, was tried and convicted at Harrisburg last week.

Col. F. B. Gowen made the closing speech. It was a logical and earnest effort and repeatedly applauded. The applause was so loud when he ended that the court rebuked the audience for its want of decorum. Col. Gowen closed as follows:

"For the first time in probably twenty years, we have been brought face to face with an acknowledged crime—with a crime that has sapped the very foundations of society; with a crime that has destroyed the grandeur and glory of this commonwealth, and has made this State in which I was born and hope to die—a by-word in the other States of the Union God knows how long we would have had to wait until the good citizens of this State would have made an effort to cure this festering sore, which like a cancer was eating its way into the very heart of the Commonwealth. At last we have met face to face some of the men who were shown to be guilty of causing this stain. And now from every part of this State—from the shores of Lake Erie and the borders of the Ohio, to the waters of the broad Delaware, and from the pine forests of the north to our southern borders—an eager people are looking up to you as their savior; to mete out justice to these men. If you believe these men to be guilty, will you destroy the righteous expectancy of a great Commonwealth? Will you permit this unpunished wrong, that has been casting its black shadow and blight over the people of this State, for an indefinite length of time, to continue on unpunished? Or will you lay your hands upon it and help to stamp it out forever from the pages of this Commonwealth.

My learned friend, Mr. Mann, has been referring to the glorious career of this State, which during the last war sent her hundreds of thousands of men to battle, and to die, if need be, for a united and liberty loving country, men who, in the soul thrilling days of Gettysburg, drove the invaders back from our borders. I tell you I have such faith in the pride and glory of this commonwealth, that if another such epoch should come, she would again bring to the front her hundreds of thousands of men who would meet and drive back the invaders or be left

"With their back to the field and their feet to the foe;
And leaving in battle no blot on their name,
Look proudly to heaven from the death-bed of fame."

And though we have been resting after the laurels won, with a triumphant victory and peace accorded by all mankind, we find right before us on our pathway to greater eminence and higher fame a foe ten times more disgraceful, ten times more to be feared than any that has been met. It has come upon us in the stillness of the night, step by step, until it has wound its loathsome arms around this Commonwealth and its slimy form has extended out until the road to fame, once open to every honest man, seems closed forever; and that laudable ambition which should be in every citizen of this Commonwealth to take his place among our legislators, crushed, killed and buried; until we have handed over the government of this State, and our counties and our cities to people who are controlled by fraud—to do such acts as those who control them require them to do.

Now let us put a stop to this, let us remember that the open enemy of horsemen is not nearly to be so dreaded as the steady approach of one who saps the foundations of the government and undermines the very fountain of justice and law.

The founder of this Commonwealth, the man to whom we are indebted for the government that was handed down to us from our forefathers, wrote upon his escutcheon that which remains as the motto of Pennsylvania, "Virtue, Liberty and Independence." Let us remember, gentlemen, that without virtue there can be no liberty; that without virtue there can be no independence; and unless you aid us in this crusade against vice, by endeavoring to strike it down, and again to substitute the banner of virtue in its stead, it will be folly, or worse than folly, for any of us or our children to hope ever to recover and hold that virtue, liberty and independence handed down to us by our fathers."

The penalty for corrupt solicitation is fine and imprisonment. The 28th inst has been fixed for imposing sentence in these cases. Already notice of application for pardon has been published, and the Board of Pardons will hear the appeal at their next meeting. It is thought that they will grant the application after the payment of a fine, so as to relieve this precious gang from imprisonment. If they do not allow the law to take its course in this matter there is no use in having a constitution, and courts may as well be abolished.

### That Infernal Tariff.

Government, butters the bread of the FEW; but it proves a commercial nightmare to the MANY. We begin to look upon the acts of Congress imposing a tax of 20 per cent. on type, and the same on paper, as a mortgage on industry and intelligence. In fact, it is a crime, because a potent thing is done indirectly, (deceptively, which is not good in morals) which should be done directly. All tariff laws inure to the benfit of the few, and entails a huge burthen on the many. Reader, just think for a moment of enormous profits raised in by the few under the tariff laws of Congress, in the shape of and under the guise of a revenue tax, to support the Government. Yet, all the revenue collected during the past year at the various ports of the United States, from type and paper, will not pay the salary of one Congressman. Nevertheless, the people of the United States have paid to type founders and paper-makers millions of dollars, which the latter have spent at the sea shore, White Mountains, Niagara Falls, jaunts to the Pacific cost, and trips to Europe—nice indeed—tariff on! Just reflect a moment what it costs for newspapers, school books, Bibles, and your letter paper, by adding 20 per cent to the manufacturers, price. Why does Congress not endorse blacksmiths carpenters, and the laboring man in a similar way? If the Government assumes to stuff and protect a few of its citizens with Government pap, why not all? Let us ignore our manhood no longer; and deny that our Government is a paternal one, and say that all who are twenty-one years of age are freemen and are able to take care of themselves.—*Clearfield Republican.*

The Democratic committee of Dauphin county at its meeting on Saturday unanimously adopted a resolution deprecating and discountenancing "all attempts to breed strife and discontent in the Democratic party of Pennsylvania and especially assaults upon prominent Democrats in the interest of faction and to the detriment of the party," and declaring that "the time has come when it should be the duty of every true Democrat to frown down personal feuds and factious differences in the party that a united front may be presented to the common enemy." This resolution breathes the true Democratic spirit and we know will meet a hearty response from all Democrats who have no interest to subserve except that of their party and their country.—*Patriot.*

### A Proud Record.

The Democracy are proud of Wm. P. Schell's administration of the office of Auditor General. It is such a plume in the party's cap as the Republican party has not once in the entire history of its domination in Pennsylvania entitled itself to wear. It has been honest as the day is long, and efficient as the fullest appreciation of its importance and the most intelligent and scrupulous application of the law could make it. Mr. Schell entered upon the duties of his office with the intention to enforce the law rigorously and with absolute impartiality, and to do no thing and permit the doing of no thing for which there was not the clearest warrant in the law; and to that intention he has lived constantly and without an iota of deviation. It will be remembered that a year or so ago it was charged against him that he had appointed, we think it was two of his sons, as special attorneys to prosecute claims of the State against delinquent corporations. This act, it was said, was an act of inexcusable nepotism. The fact that the annual report of the Department just emitted shows that these two Schells, jr., and thirteen others similarly employed, (not by General Schell as alleged but by the Board of Public works which includes the Governor, the Auditor General and State Treasurer,) have collected nearly half a million dollars of tax that were due and unpaid Dec. 1st 1878, and much of it due and unpaid years before that, justified the remark made at the time by some friend that it was a pity he had no more sons of the same sort for that kind of service.

The business of the Auditor General's department is to-day in better shape than it has been in any previous time in the State's history. Old and defaced records have been restored or carefully duplicated. Old accounts have been gathered in. Official interpretations have been given to all debatable points of the law relative to the assessment and collection of State taxes and the payment and auditing of State expenses. Corporations and individulas who under previous administrations successfully shirked the payment of taxes legally due by them, have been hunted up and made to disgorge. The facilities for close collections in the hereafter have been greatly added to. The books and records have been made to show more clearly the financial transactions and status of the state. Very many disgraceful and serious Treasury leaks have been effectually stopped up. The current work has never at any time been permitted to accumulate, but has been industriously prosecuted as it came in to be done. Much valuable information has been collected and furnished the Legislature and been made by it the basis of fresh and greatly better statutory regulations of the department, its business and generally of the tax levies and financial expenditures of the state. The report just issued is the most complete and comprehensive ever yet put out by the Auditor General's Department. In short, the business has been proptly done, honestly done, well done, and wholly done. If, as General Schell and Treasurer Noyes believe, the $2,000,000 deficiency in the State Treasury, the result of criminally extravagant Republican legislation shall be made up in two years, no small share of the credit will be due General Schell and the efficient and gentlemanly corps of clerks in his employ. Edward Herrick, the chief of those subordinates, is a candidate for the position General Schell will vacate in May 1881. He has been a valuable lieutenant to his chief, and if nominated and elected, can be depended upon for an equally conscientious performance of his duties, and to still further improve the efficiency of the Department as the official supervisor of the receipts and expenses of this great state.—*Union Leader.*

### A Portrait Out of Place.

At the banquet given to Gen. Grant in the City of Mexico by American residents, among the decorations of the hall was a portrait of George Washington.

This portrait was entirely out of place at a dinner to Gen. Grant. Almost everywhere in the presence of American citizens it would be appropriate. But Grant is the only President we have ever had who has been found wanting in respect and appreciation for the character of Washington. He is the first and only incumbent of the office of Chief Magistrate who has refused to follow Washington's example and lay it finally down at the end of eight years.

It is this high example of Washington, followed, as it has been, by his illustrious successors, that now stands in the way of Grant's selfish and insatiable ambition. Yes, the portrait of the Father of his Country was wholly out of place. Grant must hate the sight of those grand, majestic features as he does the example which limits the Presidency to eight years.

It is perhaps the first time the portrait of Washington was ever placed in a public hall to be dishonored.—*N. Y. Sun.*

### Bottlers are Wholesale Dealers.

Judge Butler in the United States District Court, in refusing a new trial to Thomas Clare, recently convicted of violating the revenue laws, decided that bottlers of malt liquors who dispose of at one sale a number of bottles containing in all over five gallons of malt liquor must pay annually a special tax to the government of fifty dollars additional to the retail tax of twenty-six dollars. This was a test case, raised in order to ascertain the legality of a recent order of the Internal Revenue Commissioner directing the collection of the special tax. Judge Butler, in delivering his opinion, stated that the defendant had been guilty of no intention to evade the law.

It should be the aim of every owner of Horses, Cows, &c., to make them as handsome and useful as possible. The German Horse and Cow Powder helps to develop all the powers of the animal. It improves its beauty and increases its usefulness. It makes milk, muscle and fat. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better condition with less feed. Sold only by weight at 15 cents a pound by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg.

Dec 12, 79-1y

In the great moral drama to be enacted by the republican party in Chicago next June, the *dramatis personae* will be represented as follows:

Father.....Mr. J. D. Cameron.
Prodigal Son.....Mr. U. S. Grant.
The Household Delegates to the Convention
Fatted Calf.....Mr. James G. Blaine.

The grand climax in this unusually fine programme will be the killing of the fatted calf.

### The Best I Ever Knew Of

J. G. Starkey a prominent and influential Citizen of Iowa City, says: "I have had the Dyspepsia, and Liver Complaint for several years, and have used every remedy I could hear of, without any relief whatever, until I saw your Shiloh's Vitalizer advertised in our paper, and was persuaded to try it. I am happy to state that it has entirely Cured me. It is certainly the best Medicine I ever knew of." Price 75 cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvellous Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of the complaint without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

### A Mother's Grief

The pride of a Mother, the life and joy of a home are her children, hence her grief when sickness enters and takes them away. Take warning then, that you are running a terrible risk, if they have a Cough, Croup or Whooping Cough, which lead to Consumption, if you do not attend to it at once. Shiloh's Consumption Cure is guaranteed to cure them Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00. For lame Back, Side, or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports

### A Portrait Out of Place.

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It is perhaps the first time the portrait of Washington was ever placed in a public hall to be dishonored.—*N. Y. Sun.*


NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A BREECH-LOADING REPEATING RIFLE FOR $6.50. THE IMPROVED "CHICHESTER."
Weight from 5 to 8 Pounds. Length of Barrel 22 Inches.

This entire machine of this Paper will no doubt remember, during the past six months, having seen our advertisement of the new celebrated CHICHESTER RIFLE, CHICHESTER RIFLES CHICHESTER CHICHESTER CHICHESTER BEAR IN MIND CHICHESTER FIRES SEVEN TIMES CHICHESTER WE WILL SEND ONE CHICHESTER SEVEN SHOT REPEATING RIFLE CHICHESTER RIFLE CO.,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICE OF MINE INSPECTOR.

An examination of candidates for the office of Mine Inspector will be held in Pottsville on the 8th day of April, 1880, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.

Inspectors are to be appointed for the First or Pottsville District and for the Second or Mahanoy District.

HERBERT S. THOMPSON,
President of the Board of Examiners.

March 19 4t

THUNDER

Lightning, Wind and Rain you will never have such a ship wreck again. We have the best large size, improved Rubber Roll Clothes Wringer in the world, selling at less than half price. Good reference guaranteed. Everybody need hot to get one! No competition! The best chance of your life time to Make Money. Samples, $2.50. Circulars and full particulars free. Agents willing to be convinced, address. PARAGON WRINGER CO., New Bedford, Mass.

w March 19, 2m.

PENSIONS

obtained for disabled soldiers, from date of discharge, if application is filed before July 1st, 1880. Pensions increased. Send postage for new laws, blanks, and instructions. Address,

W. C. BERINGER & CO.,
Pittsburg, Pa., or Washington, D. C.
The Oldest Claim Agency in the United States.

w March 19, 2m.

PENSIONS procured for soldiers disabled in U. S. Service from any cause; also, for heirs of deceased soldiers. All pensions date back to day of discharge, and to date of the death of the soldier. Pensions increased; Bounty and new discharges procured. Address with stamp, STODDART & CO., Room No. 8 St. Cloud Building, Washington, D. C.

w March 19, 1m.

WANTED.

Immediately, a few Young Men and Ladies to learn Telegraphy, a good situation guaranteed, address with stamp, OBERLIN TELEGRAPH CO., Oberlin, Ohio.

March 19, 1m. w

Send Your address on a Postal Card for a sample copy of our beautifully illustrated paper, YOUTH'S HOME LIBRARY, Boston, Mass.

w March 19, 1m.

THE HARPETTE! Is a new instrument long felt by the public. The delicious music of the harp is here produced by any one man, woman or child, even though entirely ignorant of music. The strings are reduced from one to ten, and the music which accompanies the instrument is numbered in like manner instead of being printed in notes. Everybody likes the tones of the harp; it is the king of musical instruments, and this is a perfect harp in minature—the same delicious tones—and should be in every family in the land. Any one who can read this advertisement can play it at once as well as the most accomplished musician. Elegantly finished, and an ornament to any room. We also send with it a large lot of music numbered as explained above. We the following: "Home, sweet Home;" "Last Rose of Summer;" "Sweet Bye and Bye;" "Old Folxat Home;" "Hold the Fort;" and all the popular melodies of the day. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Every one who purchases endorses them and recommends them to their neighbors. Think of it—no more tedious months of study to master music. Here is a superb musical instrument, all ready for use and requiring no practice to play perfectly. Send at once, and in the HARPETTE you will have a thing of beauty and a joy forever. Sent prepaid in a registered package (which ensures absolute safe delivery) on receipt of price $2.00. Remit by post office order or registered letter. Address KENDALL & CO., 222 Franklin St. Boston, Mass.

"An old established concern whose reliability is unquestioned.' N. Y. World.

w March 19, 1m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL LAZARUS, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Samuel Lazarus, late of Montour twp., Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Executors. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executors without delay.

DANIEL LAZARUS,
HENRY LAZARUS,
Executors.

feb 13-6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL C. MCHENRY, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Samuel C. McHenry, late of Benton twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned administrator. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

MOSES McHENRY,
Administrator,
Stillwater, Col. co.

feb 19, 1880-6w

FOR SALE

A VALUABLE

MILL PROPERTY,

CONTAINING

28 Acres of Land

Mill in good condition. Three run of stones. GOOD WATER POWER. Terms reasonable. For further particulars ap'y to

JOHN BEAGLE,
Mordansville, Col. co.

feb 12, tf

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF

N. W. AYER & SON ADVERTISING AGENTS,
TIMES BUILDING PHILADELPHIA
Cor. Chestnut and Eighth Sts.

Who receive Advertisements for this Paper, at Lowest Cash Rates

ESTIMATES free for Newspaper Advertising. Send 25c. for AYER & SON'S MANUAL.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

feb. 14, 77-1f


### PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

*Wholesale prices at the close of trade on Tuesday.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Buckwheat flour per cwt | $1 60 | to $2 00 |
| Wheat flour " " | 6 12½ | " 6 75 |
| Wheat per bushel | 1 40 | " 1 45 |
| Corn " " | 52 | " 53 |
| Oats " " | 44½ | " 47½ |
| Rye " " | 91 | " 92 |
| Barley " " | 70 | " |
| Dressed hogs, per pound | 5½ | " 6¼ |
| Butter " " according to quality | 22 | " 25 |
| Eggs per dozen | 15 | " |
| Poultry, live chickens | | " 9 |
| Chickens dressed | 11 | " 12 |
| Turkeys " | 9 | " 10 |
| Turkey dressed | 10 | " 11 |

### MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat per bushel | $1.35 |
| Rye " | .56 |
| Corn, " | .56 |
| Oats, " | .40 |
| Flour per barrel | 5.50 |
| Cornmeal " | 2.40 |
| Butter | .25 |
| Eggs | .12 |
| Tallow | .07 |
| Potatoes | .40 |
| Dried Apples | .06 |
| Hams | 12½ |
| Sides & Shoulders | .09 |
| Chickens | .07 |
| Turkeys | .09 |
| Lard per pound | .08 |
| Hay per ton | 16 00 |
| Beeswax | .25 |

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| No. 4 on Wharf | $ 3.60 | per Ton |
| No. 5 " " | $ 3.35 | " |
| No. 6 " " | $ 1.75 | " |
| Blacksmith's Lutup on Wharf | $ 5.00 | " |
| " Bituminous " | $ 4.50 | " |


NOTICE IN PARTITION.

WHEREAS at an Orphans' Court held at Bloomsburg, in and for the county of Columbia, the 4th day of February, A. D. 1880, before the Honorable William Elwell and his Associates, Justices of the said court, the petition of Charles Clewell, a son of Jacob Clewell, late of Catawissa township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, was presented setting forth that the said Jacob Clewell died in April, 1877, intestate seized in his demesne as of fee of and in certain real estate situate in said county, in said petition fully described. That the said Jacob Clewell left to survive him a widow and six children all of whom reside to said county except Jeremiah Clewell who resides in the state of New York, but in what place is unknown to the petitioner.

You, the said Jeremiah Clewell are hereby notified that I will hold an inquest on the said premises, on

Saturday, April 10, 1880,

at nine o'clock in the forenoon, there to make partition of the said lands to and among the parties in interest. When and where you may attend if you think proper.

Mar 12 '80—4w. U. H. ENT, Sheriff.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Penna., will be sold at public sale on the premises, in the town of Bloomsburg, in said county, on

Monday, April 12th, 1880,

at one o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, late of Martin W. Nuss, deceased, to-wit: All that house and

LOT OF GROUND

situate in said town of Bloomsburg, on the west side of east street of said town, bounded on the north by lot of William Krickbaum, on the east by said East street, on the south by lot of B. Frank Zarr and on the west by an alley, being about 85 feet in width and 150 feet deep, on which are erected a two story brick

DWELLING HOUSE

and out-buildings, with a well of water on the line of said lot and that of Wm. Krickbaum.

The following are the terms and conditions upon which said property will be sold, viz: Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. The unpaid purchase money to be secured by bond and mortgage (with foreclosure clause) on the premises. Deed to be made and delivered on confirmation of sale and payment of one-fourth purchase money and execution of bond and mortgage.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Administrator.

March 12, ts.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF HENRY R. ROSENSTOCK TO HAVE COURT DIRECT THE SATISFACTION OF A MORTGAGE.

Pursuant to an act of Assembly passed the 31st day of March, 1845, notice is hereby given to the legal representative or representatives of William Breitbarth deceased, to be

# THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1880


### Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

| | NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|---|
| Accommodation Train, | | 7 5 A. M. |
| Mail Train | 7.38 A. M | 4.49 P. M |
| Fast Train | 12.06 M. | 11.45 A.M |
| Express Train | 6.56 P. M. | |

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

| | NORTH. | SOUTH |
|---|---|---|
| Accommodation Train | 6.28 A. M. | 7.36 P. M. |
| Regular Express | 4.06 P. M. | 11.45 A. M. |

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11.30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. Daily mail from Bloomsburg to Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening on the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

J. B. Robison, executor of Betsy Robison, deceased, will sell real estate in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 20th at 10 o'clock a. m.

B. Frank Zarr, Administrator of M. W. Nuss, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Bloomsburg on Monday April 12, 1880.

Samuel Neyhard, Administrator of Sarah C. Shultz, will sell valuable real estate on the premises in Centreville, Columbia county on Saturday, March 27, 1880.

J. Dean Cole will offer personal property at public sale at his residence in Sugarloaf township on Wednesday, March 31, 1880.

I. K. Krickbaum, executor of Andrus Fellows, of Huntington Valley, Luzerne county will sell real estate on the premises on Saturday, March 27, 1880.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS OUTSIDE OF THE COUNTY.

All subscribers outside of the county must pay in advance. We have sent bills to all such, and hope to have an immediate response. Those who do not give attention to our request and who are *more than one year behind* will have their paper stopped and bills sent for collection unless they settle by May 1st. The reason why we must insist on advance payment out of the county is that we have to pay postage, and we cannot afford to run the risk of losing the subscription price, and the postage too. 2.00 a year is the price out of the county when not paid *strictly in advance*.

March 19, tf.

The funeral of John McReynolds took place on Thursday morning.

Holy communion will be administered on Easter Sabath morning at the Hidley church.

We are indebted to Col. J. G. Freeze for an obituary notice of Hon. John McReynolds.

Dr. D. W. Conner has finished his course at the Hahneman Medical College, Philadelphia. He returned home last week.

Miss E. L. Funston returned last week from New York State, where she has been visiting for some weeks past.

We are sorry to learn of the serious illness of Mrs. E. H. Little. Her many friends hope to hear of her speedy recovery.

William Little, Esq., member of the Bar of Bradford county, has been spending some days with his uncle, E. H. Little, Esq.

The store room in Light Street occupied by R. S. Ent, as a tin and stove store, is for rent. It is a good location. Inquire of U. H. Ent, Bloomsburg.

R. S. Ent intends moving from Light Street to Berwick on the first of April. He will carry on the tin and stove trade in his new location. We wish him abundant success.

Counterfeit $10 legal tender notes are in circulation, dated 1875. The names of John Allison and John C. New are engraved on the notes.

Mr. William Neal filled his ice house with snow last week. Many people in different parts of the country have been compelled to do the same thing, owing to the scarcity of ice.

The play of "The Danites" at the Opera House last Friday night was fairly attended. While there are no very strong points in the piece, the acting was good, and the audience was well pleased.

George A. Clark and W. J. Buckalew have been summoned, the first as a grand, the latter as a petit juror, to attend the U. S. District Court at Pittsburg on the 12th of April next.

The Ashton Theatrical Company, which visited this place in October last, broke up at Butler, Pa., owing to the bad health of Mr. Ashton, who goes to New York to recuperate. Neil Gray, the comedian, will probably take the party.

An entertainment will be given at the Normal School by the Philologian Literary Society on Saturday evening, March 20th, for the benefit of the library. Music under the direction of Prof. Niles.

Hervey E. Smith, Esq., was discharged from arrest under the charge of embezzling public records, at a *habeas corpus* hearing before Judge Elwell, last Saturday. There was no evidence against him to convict of the charge.

C. R. Funston, formerly of Catawissa, and late of Laporte, Sullivan county where he has been keeping hotel for some time past, will remove to Renovo, Clinton county this spring where he has secured a desirable hotel.

We note with pleasure the prosperity of the firm of Moyer Bros. By strict integrity and careful attention to business they have made for themselves a wide reputation, and built up a large trade. There are no more public spirited citizens in the town than these gentlemen.

Moyer Brothers have purchased the City Hotel property of Bernard Stohner for the consideration of $9600. We are informed that they purpose remodeling the building, and changing it into store rooms, offices, &c., The lease of J. L. Girton does not expire until a year from next April, and we understand that the hotel business will be continued until that time.

MARCH.

The origin of March is traceable to the Romans, who regarded it as the first month of the year until the style was changed. The reason for considering it the commencement of the year was attributed to the fact that in March symptoms of vegetable growth were visible. The Romans dedicated this month to Mars, and called it *Martius*, because of the great importance they attached to war. Among our Saxon forefathers it was known as *Lenct-Monat*, meaning length-month.

Every soldier should read the advertisement of W. C. Bercinger & Co. They are one of the oldest and best claim agencies in the United States.

We are indebted to Mr. Geo. W. Fisher for an invitation to the 59th Annual Commencement of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy which was held last Tuesday at the Academy of Music in that city. Mr. Fisher is a member of the graduating class.

Go and see Lockwood's Sensational Comicalities at the Opera House, this Friday evening. The troupe consists of ten persons, and there will be lots of fun, without any of the vulgarity and coarseness, which often distinguish this style of exhibition. Admission 25 and 35 cents.

The play of "Dr. Clyde" was one of the best, if not the very best ever performed here. We are assured that other troupes, equally as good will come soon, and continue to come as long as they are sufficiently well patronized to justify it.

WANTED.—A girl for general house work. Must be a good washer and ironer, and of good character. Wages $2.00 a week. Apply at residence of R. C. Neal, Fifth street between Iron and Centre.

March 19, tf.

In one of our public schools we have a practical teacher who illustrates points from his own experience. For instance, he told his interested pupils how he had voted before he was of age, and how he had voted several times the same day. That teacher is too smart for this county and should be sent to Philadelphia in care of Petroff, *et. al.*

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

I thought I would give you a scriptural question for your many readers of the COLUMBIAN to solve and give the answer. Question is as follows: There were two ladies once traveling in a certain locality each leading a small boy that resembled each other very much, so much so as to attract the attention of two persons passing by; the one asked the ladies what kin the boys were, the one answered they are brothers, they are cousins, they are two sisters sons, their father is their grandfather and thus the kindred runs.

ASBURY REPORTER.

On Thursday evening of last week, a large number of the members of the Lutheran Church assembled at the parsonage, *en masse*, and greeted their pastor entirely by surprise. Baskets well laden with delicacies were on the arms of each. The party was in remembrance of his birthday and was well planned and executed. Three tables filled with a great variety of cakes, oranges, cream, &c., accommodated the people. All enjoyed themselves nicely, and expressed regret that the evening passed so rapidly. A little guessing revealed the age of Mr Marclay. We give this much of it: The last two numbers of the year of his birth express his age and they are one-half the last two numbers of the present birthday.

Although many papers have raised the price of subscription to $2.00, owing to the increase in price of material, our price still remains $1.50 when paid in accordance with our terms, that is *in advance*. After April 15th those who have not paid for the present year ending October 1st, 1880 will be charged $2.00, as we cannot allow longer than six months in which to pay in advance.

Hereafter no payment will be considered as in advance unless paid within sixty days after the beginning of the current year

March 19, 3w.

The regular monthly meeting of the School board was held at the office of B. F. Zarr, Esq., last Saturday evening.

The Secretary reported that Dr. J. R. Evans had paid the balance of purchase money due on old Academy lot and that the officers had executed and delivered to him a deed for the same. A resolution was offered and unanimously passed to continue the schools one month longer, making the term eight months, and this be in lieu of Summer term. The present terms of teachers were to be informed that their contracts would be renewed for one month. The Secretary was instructed to collect the balance due the district from W. B. Koons, late Treasurer. After passing a bill in favor of C. E. Savage for cleaning clock, and one in favor of the Secretary for $50 on salary the board adjourned.

Bloomsburg is favored of late with Ladies' Missionary Meetings. The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Northumberland, embracing a number of local societies, is to meet in the Presbyterian church on Wednesday next, 24th inst., at 2.30 p. m., and continue in session on Thursday morning and afternoon. The ladies of Bloomsburg are all invited to attend. Besides the delegates of the local societies, Mrs. Mateer, formerly a missionary in China, Mrs. Henderson, of Pa., and Mrs. Gregory of New Jersey, are expected to be present. On Wednesday evening there will be a general meeting which the sterner sex will be allowed to attend.

BUCKHORN, March 16th, 1880.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

Rev. A. Britain is off attending Conference.

One of our schools closes to-day.

H. D. Appleman is slowly recovering from his long spell of sickness.

Mrs. A. Rounsley was buried a few days since. This was a sad affair. Mr. Rounsley was up stairs sick with Pneumonia; consequently was not able to see his wife. She was a member of the M. E. Church and was loved by everybody. She leaves two small children. Mr. R. is improving.

Mr. J. White, late of the firm of Vanliew & White, spent a few days in town this week.

N. M. Hartman, of the *Nanticoke Chronicle* has been visiting his parents in this place. North looks well and reports business brisk.

INVALID.

FISHINGCREEK ITEMS.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

Fishingcreek township is composed of two hundred and twenty-six owners of lands in said township living on them, and forty-five owners living somewhere else. There is one hundred and six tenants and forty-seven young men. Total, including twenty-two estates, three hundred and ninety-nine.

Fishingcreek has six stores, six blacksmith shops, two grist-mills and not a licensed house to sell alcohol or any kind of ardent spirits, for which we feel proud. The people of this part of Columbia county owe their intelligence and sobriety in a great measure to the M. E. Church.

When I first settled in this part of Fishing creek there were three licensed taverns in the township, there was a great deal of drunkenness, swearing and all kinds of profanity, fighting, quarreling and Sabbath breaking. I well recollect the time when a great many church members argued that liquor was one of God's good creatures, and they could not do without it. We used to think we could not take our harvest off or raise a house or barn or have any gathering but King alcohol must be there and if things did not go to suit him he would give some one a black eye or throw a beam down and kill a half dozen or so. But things, thank God, have changed since that time. Instead of passing the bottle and getting drunk, cursing and swearing till the hair on your head would stand on end, you will see them going to church on Sabbath and trying to serve God, that when they come to cross the river of death that they may fear no evil for his rod and staff will comfort them

SIMEON.

SUICIDE OF JOHN ADAMS IN BERWICK.

On Monday last, at about half past eleven in the forenoon, the startling rumor circulated in our town that John Adams had committed suicide by hanging himself. The rumor proved to be only too true; as the dead body lying on the floor of the room where the deed had been committed, testified. The circumstances are these: The two brothers, John and Kinney, have charge of the store of Adams & Son, and sleep in a room over the store room. Early on this morning when the usual hour for opening the store was at hand, John requested his brother to open the store, saying that he had not slept well, nor did he feel well, and would take a short nap before getting up. Kinney then left him and attended to the duties of the store. Several hours later he went up and knocked at the door of their bed-room, saying to John that some gentleman wanted to see him. Receiving no answer, he concluded that his brother must be asleep, and so would not disturb him, knowing that he had passed a miserable night. A little later than 11 o'clock, John's services were needed by some one, and Kinney thought it time that his brother awoke. So again he called him and shook the locked door, without receiving a response. Slightly alarmed by his brother's silence, he effected an entrance into the room through a window, and found John dead, hanging by the hammock rope to a beam overhead, his feet barely touching the floor, a box near by from which the unfortunate man had evidently jumped. Kinney was terribly shocked, but immediately gave the alarm. The body, shortly after taken down, was cold, life having departed two or more hours before the dead body was discovered; it was dressed in a neat suit from head to foot, save coat, vest and hat. The verdict of the jury was that he committed suicide in a fit of momentary insanity. The body was taken to his father's house, several miles out of town.

John Adams is the son of Enos Adams, a respectable farmer of Briarcreek township, and has been, for a number of years, engaged with his brother in the mercantile business here in Berwick. He was a man of temperate habits, respected and liked by his many friends; not given very much to social pleasures. He attended strictly to his successful business. His friends deeply regret his sad death. No letter up to the present time has been found explaining his conduct, hence the cause can only be conjectured. His conversation at various times, especially recently, evinced this fact, that he was of a despondent disposition, of that kind that yields to mad impulses against the will. The burning of his father's barn and live stock he took much to heart; the expectation of moving the store and its difficulties he brooded upon very much; other matters, not more serious, except his health, troubled him a great deal. His health was not seriously affected, only slightly dyspeptic. Brooding over these various things led him to the contemplation of suicide; of the latter there is no evidence except the natural conclusion and the fact that quite lately, he asked a friend which was the easiest death, hanging or shooting. He bought a revolver last Saturday night. He must have resisted that fatal impulse for a long time, and even on that eventful morning, the fact of his having carefully dressed himself, indicates that he battled with his mental enemy for several hours, only to be conquered at last. The hammock rope attached to the ceiling, no doubt suggested to him hanging, awakening in him that strange impulse that led him to his death, an impulse like that which sometimes seizes the sanest mountaineer, to hurl himself from the top of the precipice as he stands gazing at the rocks below.

REPORTER.

Berwick, Pa., March 19th, '80.

Prof S——h having given all the town boys taffy on the positive and negative condition of the celebrated Gem Puzzle of 13, 15, 14, now assures each and every stranger that happens to drop in town, with his undoubtedly correct theory, (as he thinks) that if the blocks should pull in a positive condition, the puzzle is very easily solved. But should the opposite be the case nobody living could bring the blocks in their regular order. The Professor forgets that Dr. R—s famous trotting nag might hustle them a good chance.

ANOTHER REPORTER.

STILLWATER NEWS

Absence from home has somewhat interfered with my report from this locality. I closed a very interesting meeting at Cambra on Lord's Day evening, March 7th, with five additions by faith and obedience, and one reclaimed. My meetings have resulted in twenty baptisms and two reclaimed this last fall and winter.

Mr. John Zaner, has Albertson's mill at work now cutting his timber into lumber for he market.

Mr. T. H. Edgar proprietor of the Stillwater planing mill, sash, door, and blind factory is doing a good business. Work plenty all the time. An indication of the return of better times.

The Stillwater road is still in a bad condition—the recent snows have not improved it any.

Mrs Margaret McHenry, aged 79 years 7 months and 3 days, was buried here on the 22nd of February. She died at the house of her son-in-law, Mr. Hicks Kitchen, near Orangeville, Sermon by the writer on Ps. 39:4, and 90:12.

The weather for the last few days inclines one to sing

"Come gentle spring, ethereal mildness, come,
And from the bosom of your dropping cloud,
While music wakes around, veiled in a shower
Of shadowing roses, on our plains descend."

"Large trout" stories will soon be in order. Has "John!" of Benton taken out license for fishing yet?

The fox hunters are happy again, and the woods ring with

"* * * Those dreadful yells what soul can hear,
That owns a carcase, and not quake for fear?
Demons produce them doubtless, frozen-clawed
And fang'd with brass the demons are abroad."

If Cyrus, or others, take exceptions to the above the writer will give them attention in due time.

D. M. KISTER.

NOT A CANDIDATE.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN:

Some interested persons, I am told, have circulated the report that before the death of Senator Jackson I had made efforts to secure the nomination in case of a vacancy. I have, at no time, before or since Mr. Jackson's death, been seeking such nomination. I am not now, neither do I intend to be, at least at present, a candidate for any office in the gift of the Democrats of Columbia county. I thank the gentlemen for saying they believed I would make a good member of the Legislature, and that I am a temperance man and drink no whiskey. I have been all my life a Democrat and worked for the party's best interest as I believe, without "hope of reward or fear of punishment," and as yet never deserted its ranks and was never found with the enemy. I trust the above is sufficiently plain, that my friends as well as others may understand that I am trying to mind my own business.

E. M. Tewksbury.

Catawissa, March 16, 1880.

The improved rifle offered for sale by the Chichester Rifle Co., Jersey City, New Jersey at the low price of $6.50—one of which our agent has examined, is without doubt the best bargain in fire arms ever presented to the public. They are handsomely made and cannot fail to give satisfaction, being very accurate for either target or sporting purposes. Any of our readers requiring a valuable gun cannot do better than to secure a Chichester.

THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. Nov. 21-1y.

ORANGEVILLE ITEMS

M. C. Keller's saloon was robbed of $81.00 in cash on Wednesday morning, the 10th inst. The thief made his way into the building from the rear up-stairs window while Mr. Keller was at his home, eating breakfast. Our citizens indulge the fond hope that the scoundrel may yet be caught and have justice meted out to him.

R. W. Brunstetter's iron works are fast approaching completion. Orangeville will yet become noted as a manufacturing town.

Rev. Clees, of the M. E. Church, has been afflicted so that he was not able to attend conference at Altoona. We are glad to see him improving and able to be out again.

"Harry," the greatest of fox hunters, having taken unto himself a wife, purposes settling down to business and give reynard a rest. He has advertised in the *Press and Sirens*, all his dogs for sale (thirteen in number). Dog fanciers can here find a variety from which to select any kind of dog they may choose, and if the number is not great enough, the silent partner in the late show can add enough to make a score.

The demand for dwelling houses is greater than the supply, and if those persons who own suitable building lots would erect dwellings, there would be no lack of tenants.

A much needed improvement is the extension of Mill street. There is some talk of it, but no action as yet. We hope that those of our citizens who have an eye to improvement will take the matter in hand soon.

Mr. George Fleckenstine, who intends to start a first class grocery in the store room under the Odd Fellow's Hall, started to the city on last Monday morning to purchase his stock. George is a worthy young man and we bespeak for him a liberal patronage.

Dr. C. W. Amerman is spending a few days at Lewisburg, Union county.

Mr. A. Bergner, the new teacher in our Academy, has arrived. We are much pleased with the gentleman, and extend to him our good will and wishes.

NETHERLAND.

LAST NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of Peter Ent, deceased, and to Ent Brothers are hereby notified that these accounts must be paid by May 1st or costs will be incurred. Call at my office at Bloomsburg.

March 5,tf. U. H. ENT, Adm.

TALK UP YOUR TOWN.

We find the following going the rounds of our exchanges, and as it is applicable to Bloomsburg as elsewhere, we publish it:

Yes, talk it up and work it up. If it has good schools, good churches, newspapers and clean streets, talk it up—don't grumble if anything and everything is not up to your ideas, especially if you do nothing to help make the place. Don't tell strangers it is the worst place you know of to bring up a child, unless you know that it is worse than any other town of the same size. Give encouragement to every useful and creditable enterprise in your midst, for as sure as effect follows cause, so sure will enterprise or merit repay every citizen. We cannot live unto ourselves, and we cannot discourage any movement in behalf of a place without reflecting upon ourselves a personal injury. If you see a needed improvement, demand it; talk it up vigorously until the whole community is impregnated with the idea—until a storm of public sentiment completes the work; but if you can't have everything that is needed, remember that in that respect it is just like thousands of other places in the land. Keep talking and encouraging, but do not grumble. Don't stop because some poor mummy, out of whom has withered all public spirit and love of advancement, moans out his sepulchral whine, 'it won't pay.' Show your live fellows that it will pay and leave to the mummy his embalmed dust and stupidity, and by-and-by you will see the result of your encouragement and talk, in universal improvement, in increased facilities for business, enlivened societies, and a broad, liberal generous spirit that pervades and vivifies, making pleasant and beautiful every place it enters.

It can almost be asserted that St. Jacobs Oil works wonders. Shortly before the New Year, when I visited my family in Mayfield, I found my son Edward, a lad little more than ten years old, very sick. He suffered with Rheumatism, and so terribly that he was perfectly still in his limbs, could not possibly walk, and had to be carried from place to place. At once I sent for some St. Jacob's Oil, used it according to directions, and in a few days could see evidences of considerable improvement. On the tenth of this month I again visited my family and was astonished to find him well and hearty. He once more has fresh color in his face and can go to school again. Whenever the old trouble threatens to return, relief is immediately secured by the use of St. Jacob's Oil. From sheer joy over this result I cannot withhold recommending St. Jacob's Oil to suffering humanity as a true benefactor.

Charles Meinhof,
Office of the *Volksfreund*,
German paper of Stratford, Ont.

STATE MILLERS' ASSOCIATION.

The following Commission has been named by the Pennsylvania Millers Association, to look after the interests of Pennsylvania Exhibitors to be held at Cincinnati Ohio, in June:

W. Latimer Small, York, York county Pa.
Isaac M. Thomas, Wilkesbarre, Luzerne county Pa.
S. L. Levan, Lancaster, Lancaster county Pa.
F. J. Schoch, Selinsgrove, Snyder county Pa.
John Hoffer, Harrisburg, Dauphin county Pa.
D. M. Bear, Roaring Springs, Blair county Pa.
Frank Hayes, Lock Haven, Clinton county Pa.

The punishment of death it is often asserted, has but little terror for the hardened criminal, who usually prefers ending his life on the gallows to a lingering existence within the walls of a prison. By criminals, however, who are not hardened, hanging is viewed with repugnance, and some striking evidence on this point is afforded by a scene which took place recently in the Sheriff Court at Dundee, Scotland. A deaf and dumb man was charged with an assault on his aunt, whom he slightly wounded in the neck with a knife that he snatched from a table in a fit of passion. The substance of the evidence having been interpreted to him, he admitted its truth, but would not plead guilty. His doggedness in persisting in his innocence arose, it was ascertained, from the fact that he labored under the impression that he was being tried for murder, and was sure to be hanged. The sheriff found the charge proven, and passed a sentence of thirty days' imprisonment. On the sentence being communicated to the prisoner by means of the finger alphabet, he could not at first realize the fact that he was not going to be hanged after all; but on being assured by the interpreter that his life would be spared, his joy knew no bounds. Leaping to his feet, his face radiant with delight he danced a *pas seul* in the dock, kissed his hand several times in rapid succession to the Sheriff, insisted on shaking hands with the interpreter, and was led out cutting the most grotesque capers as an expression of his intense happiness.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court met on Friday, March 12th, pursuant to adjournment. The argument list was taken up and a number of cases argued and otherwise disposed of.

Citation awarded in estate of Joshua Brink to file an account.

In the matter of Edward Curler, the *Habeas Corpus* hearing was concluded, and bail refused.

Order of sale continued in estate of Cyrus Larish.

L. E. Walter, Esq., was appointed Commissioner to take testimony in matter of application of D. Whitmire, guardian of W. A. Trimble, for permission to make mining lease.

William Iannen was discharged as trustee in estate of Jacob Meyer.

J. W. Eves, C. L. Sands and R. M. Johnson appointed viewers of a road in Madison township.

Vendue notes waiving stay of execution and exemption, with stubs; just printed at his office. Books containing any number of notes desired can be bound in a few moments. tf.

The following appointments for the Danville District were made at the Altoona M. E. Conference last week:

W. W. Evans, Presiding Elder, Bloomsburg, Pa.; Danville, St. Paul's—J. M. Lantz Danville, Trinity—P. P. Strawinski; Riverside, St. Peter's—B. H. Mosser; Northumberland—M. L. Drum; Washingtonville—E. White; Jerseytown—T. H. Tubbs; Buckhorn—G. V. Savidge; Bloomsburg E. H. Yocum; Espy and Light St.—H. C. Cheston; Orangeville—T. O. Clees; Benton—H. B. Former, J. C. Brown; Berwick—M. L. Smyser; Millinville—C. L. Benscoter; Beach Haven—R. L. Armstrong; Bloomingdale—J. Horning, G. E. King; Muhlenburg—O. Hicks; Shickshinny—G. Warren; White Haven—W. C. Hesser; Hickory Run—C. T. Dunning; Weatherly—P. F. Eyer; Stockton and Beaver Meadow—N. B. Smith Hazleton—G. T. Gray; Jeansville and Audenried—J. W. Leckie; Conyngham—R. H Wharton; South Heberton—G. M Larned, J. R. Dunkerly; Catawissa—J. B. Polsgrove; Catawissa Circuit—J. Guldin; Elysburg—G. H. Day, Shamokin—J. S. McMurray; Hellenstein and Gordon—H. N. Minnich; Centralia—J. P. Benford; Mount Carmel—S. M. Frost; Ashland—J. A. De Moyer; Trevorton—J. Elliott; Georgetown Mission—To be supplied; Snydertown—J. Guss; Sunbury—H. C. Pardoe, Selinsgrove—J. W. Buckley; H. A. Curran, Professor of the State Normal School; member of the Bloomsburg Quarterly Conference.

SALE BILLS.—Persons who intend having sales of personal property this spring should get their bills printed at this office for several reasons. First, we give a local notice in the paper and continue the same until the sale, thus giving a larger advertisement of the sale than any other office in the county can give. Second, we do the best kind of work at the lowest rates. We are prepared to print bills, from the smallest to the largest size, in the most attractive styles, free of errors, and at the shortest notice possible. Orders sent by mail will receive prompt attention.

How About a Fourth Term.

The question of the expendiency of a third term directly involves the expendiency of a fourth term also. General Grant had scarcely retired from the Presidential chair before his closest and personal friends began the demand, which has since grown so loud, for his return to the office. During all the years that have followed the American people have been kept wondering whether he desired, or would accept, a third election. A single word from him would have shown them just what they had to expect, but he did not choose to speak it. They know now that he is a candidate, because he makes no effort to check the efforts of his friends to nominate him. The silence of years remains unbroken.

Let us suppose Gen. Grant nominated, elected, inaugurated. Does any one doubt that history would repeat itself? Can any one doubt that the men who began the present agitation for a third term would, in due time, begin another for a fourth term? We should be told that the emergency he had been called to office to meet was not yet ended; that his work would be left unfinished if he were compelled to retire at the end of one term. The absurd claim that he is the only "strong man" in a nation of 50 millions would be revived. Let any one who doubts this recall the fact that many men who are now in office, and will be in office until March 4, 1881, owe their places to General Grant. This is the secret strength of the third term movement.) Let it be remembered also that every man who is in office after March 4, 1881, would owe his continuance in office to President Grant. It would be astonishing, under these circumstances, if, with the precedent of a third term already set, there were not a loud cry for a fourth. Republicans have defined on high authority to be "a lively sense of favors to come."

Who can doubt that, if this should come to pass, Gen. Grant would maintain the same absolute silence he has preserved for the past three years. Who can doubt that the American people would be allowed to speculate for years about his intentions, only to find at last that he would not refuse a reelection if he could secure it? Is any friend of Gen. Grant authorized to say now that, if he is elected for a fourth? Will Gen. Grant himself say so? We think not.

Before the Chicago convention meets, let the Republican party consider in all soberness, whether they are ready to propose to the American people a fourth term for anybody or a fifth term, or an indefinite number of terms. And this question can be considered without great bitterness to the soldier. No one can blame him for wanting all the honors he can get. He is not a George Washington, and there has been only one in American history. But it is a fair question for the leaders of the Republican party to discuss—whether, under the circumstances, the nomination of Gen. Grant would be wise, or even safe.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

For the use of students and others our covered tow paper pads are the best. They contain one hundred sheets of paper, making two hundred pages. Prices, ten and twenty cents, according to size. For sale at this office. tf.

## Marriages.

RICHARD—ALLEMAN.—At the Reformed parsonage in Orangeville on the 13th inst., Mr. A. W. Richard, of Berwick, to Miss Hulda R. Allegar, of Fishingcreek township.

DEWITT—CONNER.—Feb. 1st., 1880, by Rev. W. E. Krebs, at his residence, Mr. A. M. DeWitt, of Light Street to Miss M. S. Conner, of Orangeville.

HARTER—SNYDER.—On Tuesday morning, March 16th, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. W. E. Krebs, Mr. Theo. C. Harter to Miss M. Alice Snyder, both of this place.

## Deaths.

USANGER.—In Fishingcreek township on the 14th inst., Philip Usanger, aged 56 years and 6 months.

George Koehler was believed to have murdered a man at Cairo, Ill., but there was not a scrap of evidence against him, and for some time he was not even arrested. It was at length decided to entice him into inculpating himself. He was put into jail, in the same cell with a detective, who pretended to be a criminal and confessed many imaginary crimes to his companion under a solemn pledge of secrecy. He argued that almost any crime could be concealed, and thus gave the impression that he was wonderfully shrewd. Koehler fell into the trap, asked his advice, and gave him a circumstantial account of the murder. The missing body was found where he said he had buried it, and it seems certain that he will be hanged on the evidence that he has himself provided.

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

## Business Notices

If you have samples of Black Silks and Cashmeres from the city, bring them to Lutz & Sloan's and compare them with their goods, for they agree to sell as cheap as you can get the same quality in the city.

I. W. Hartman sells goods at one price to all.

Cash paid for 1000 bushels of good White or Yellow Corn at Silas Young's, Light Street. March 19-3m

I. W. Hartman's Combination Store draws people for 25 miles around.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Cash paid for good Butter at Silas Young's, Light Street, for six weeks. March 19-6w

I. W. Hartman sells Fine Groceries at low prices.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Rubber Coats white and black, Blankets, Leggings, Gloves, Caps at the lowest prices at D. Lowenberg's.

I. W. Hartman offers 4,000 yards of Spring Calico, 8, 9, and 10 cents.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Real Seal Skin Caps just received at David Lowenberg's.

Marr pays 20 cents for Butter.

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!
CAPS. CAPS. CAPS.
Latest styles. Lowest Prices at the Popular Clothing Store of D. Lowenberg.

I. W. Hartman is exciting the town and county with a lot of half-priced Shoes for Boys, Misses and Children. Call and see them.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Marr wants Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Feathers, &c.

Admission free at McKinney's.

Momie Cloth and other new Dress Goods this week at Lutz & Sloan's.

Marr buys Jowls, Side, Shoulder and Ham.

500 tons more of good dry rock oak bark wanted by Silas Young Light Street for which I will pay $6.00 per ton cash, or $6.50 in goods.

I also buy Hemlock Bark and I will pay $5.00 per ton cash or $5.50 per ton in goods.

Feb. 9 2-m

The Very Latest Butterick & Co's. Patterns at Marr's.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Neatsfoot Oil and Vacuum Oil for harness grease for sale by Silas Young, Light Street; also Black Oil, Fish Oil, Linseed Oil, Whale Oil and Castor Oil

March 19-2m

Fresh Extra and Oyster Crackers at Marr's.

New Cloth for Ladies' Dolmans and Ulsters at Lutz & Sloan's.

4000 pounds of new dried apples wanted at Silas Youngs store Light Street for which I will pay the highest market prices.

December 16, tf.


Neuralgia Cured

By Dr. Burr's Neuralgia and Sick Headache Pills. A unfailing cure for Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Constipation, Catarrhal, Rheumatic Pains, Palpitation of the Heart, and Headache arising from a deranged condition of the System. Prices reasonable.

These Pills are a special Preparation only for the cure of Neuralgia and Sick Headache, and for these diseases they are worthy the attention of all afflicted and suffering. They are prepared expressly to cure Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, and loss of Nervous Power. They are sold by druggists at 50 cts. per box, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 5 cents.

Prepared by A. E. BURR, M. D., Bethlehem, Pa.

Sold by Druggists in Bloomsburg, and other towns in Columbia county.

Long Branch, Dec. 20, 1880.

Dr. A. E. Burr.

Dear Sir:—Your Neuralgia Pills cured me, and I was the greatest sufferer. I have since bought them for my sister and others and they cure every case.

Capt. Cromwell,
Long Branch Pier.

Tiffinton, Pa., Feb 6th, 1880.

Dr. A. E. Burr.

Dear Sir:—My wife had the Neuralgia for ten days and her physician gave her no relief. I called on Dr. Kay and got a bottle of your Neuralgia Pills and they relieved her in a few hours.

Thomas Cook,
Asst Dupont Powder Co.

C. A. Klein, Hooker, says: I have sold these Pills before and they give good satisfaction and always cure.

For Sale by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg druggist.

feb 20, 30-3m



When you subscribe for a

NEWSPAPER

Take the one

That gives you the most for your money.

THE COLUMBIAN

IS THE

LARGEST PAPER,

In the county,

HAS THE

Largest Circulation,
More Reading Matter,
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AND COSTS ONLY

*$1.50 a year*

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BENSONS CAPCINE | CAPCINE | POROUS PLASTER

BACK ACHE IS AT ONCE CURED BY
BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS.
IT IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS.

*Over 2000 Druggists have signed a paper stating that Physicians say they are in every way Superior to the ordinary slow acting Porous Plasters used for this purpose.*

SEABURY & JOHNSON, Pharmaceutical Chemists, New York. PRICE 25 CTS.

feb 27-4w.



The Old Established Drug Store.

WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT

Corner Main and Market Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been in the WHOLESALE DRUG business for the last eleven years would call the attention of the public generally, and COUNTRY DEALERS in particular, to their large and varied stock.

*It consists of*

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

The Retail Department

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Cannot be surpassed anywhere.

IN IT MAY BE FOUND A LARGE STOCK OF

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

SPONGES,
CHAMOIS, COLOGNES,
PERFUMERY, CIGARS,
FANCY ARTICLES, TOILET SOAPS,
TOOTH BRUSHES,
HAIR BRUSHES, LAMPS, GLOBES

and in fact every thing that should be kept in a complete and well regulated Drug Store.

They are the sole Manufactures of the Celebrated

OIL OF GLADNESS.

Also the Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors DR. W. M. BICKLEY'S Celebrated and

INVALUABLE PREPARATIONS.

Compound Aromatic Wine of Gentian and Iron, Improved Cream Camphor, Worm Killing Agent, Improved Rose Pectoral.

The Beset Remedies Made.

Highly Recommended by Physicians.

MOYER BROTHERS,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 17 79-1y.



LADIES CAN "SHOP" BY PENNY POSTAL CARD

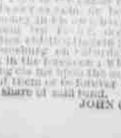
Out of town people who cannot conveniently travel, may have samples sent them of Dry Goods and all other goods that we sell, if they will write us. No charge, and no need to order if not suited. We make it a business to attend to such letters quickly; and when orders come we send the exact article wanted, and at exactly same price as other customers pay when here buying in person. When goods are not as ordered, we take them back. Having trained and responsible clerks, who are able to use discretion in filling orders, we are enabled to give great satisfaction to the many customers *who leave the choice to us.* With a reputation of twenty years at retailing, we cannot afford to lose our good name by lack of proper service to absent customers. Write plainly, and describe fully what is wanted, and about the price desired.

Address,

John Wanamaker,

Largest Dry Goods House,

Philadelphia.



October 3, 79-1y.



Rowell & Co's. Adv't's.

BEAUTIFUL SEA SHELLS

For $1 in registered letter, we will send Two Novelties. They are large, and contain all the colors of the rainbow. Please say where you saw the advertisement for 20 cents. S. A. ROWELL, Los Angeles, Cal. March 19, 4w.

Pennock's Patent Road Machine

Keeps the highway five times better than by the present road. Is rapidly coming into favor in city and country. Circulars free.

SAML. PENN

### USEFUL TO KNOW.

A GOOD CEMENT.—Any fibrous material can be stuck to metal, whether iron or other metal, by any amalgam composed of good glue dissolved in hot vinegar with one third of its volume in white pine pitch, also hot. This composition, it is said, will give a sure and certain result.

TO CLEAN WHITE KNITTED GARMENTS.—Take those not needing washing, being only slightly soiled, place them in a pillow case one at a time, sprinkle flour through it, and shake well, until it looks as bright as new. Borax is excellent to wash flannel with dissolved in lukewarm water.

PREPARING FOOD FOR INVALIDS.—A very simple and expeditious way of cooking a little bit of chicken or fish for a sick person is to butter a paper thickly, place the food to be cooked in the paper, and place it on the gridiron over a clear fire. A very short time suffices to cook it thoroughly, and I have often found that to be eaten when all other modes of invalid cookery have been tried in vain.

RUSSIAN SABLE.—This is the most costly and exclusive of furs, and cannot, therefore, strictly speaking, be called fashionable. In Russia it is used only by the Imperial family and the nobility, and very few skins leave that country. This fur is obtained from an animal of the weasel family, about the size of the German marten; and at least four or five skins are required to make a muff of medium size. A muff and boa of "crown" sable is valued at from $200 to $550.

GOOD COFFEE.—The editor of Truth says there is nothing easier than making good coffee, and gives the following simple receipt; Put the ground coffee in a saucepan—two tea spoonsful for each cup—put the saucepan on the fire; just before the water boils throw in a few dops of cold water and take the pot off; strain the concotion through a piece of muslin, and you will have better coffee than is produced by the most complicated and costly patent machine.

MARSHMALLOW PASTE OR DROPS.—Marshmallow root, four ounces of water, half gallon; macerate twelve hours, strain and evaporate to the thickness of honey, constantly stirring, and add gradually the whites of twelve eggs, well beaten, with orange flour water, four ounces well strained; continue the constant stirring till the mass is so firm as not to adhere to the fingers; then dry in an oven, and divide in small masses. When finished it should be very light and spongey.

THE BEST FISH BALLS.—On the morning you intend having them, pare your potatoes and boil; drain off the water, and cover with a clean towel to dry. First, though, boil your codfish till done, then pull to shreds, carefully feeling for every bone and lump. Mash the potatoes very finely, pour in a little warm milk and a small lump of butter; beat up your potatoes till they are as light as down, then mix with your fish, and work all together thoroughly. A small raw onion chopped very finely mixed through, gives a flavor which many persons like; no pepper nor egg. When ready, roll into small cakes lightly, and fry a delicate brown. The particular part is to have your potatoes quite soft with the milk, and fish with not the smallest lump.

HOW TO CLEAN BRASS AND COPPER.—The following mixture will be found the best thing for cleaning brass, copper, tin, stair rods, taps, and even windows, and it is quite worth the trouble of making once a year, as the quantities I give will last that time, and the best way is to store it in wide-mouthed pickle jars of glass or stone: 1 pound whitening, 1 pound rotten stone, 1 pound soft soap, 1 teacup full vinegar, as much water as will make it a thick paste. Let it boil fully ten minutes, and when nearly cold add half a pint of spirits of turpentine. When you use it put very little on a rag, and rub the article you wish to clean well with it until it becomes bright, and then polish with a leather dipped in powdered Bath brick. Unless you use Bath brick it soon tarnishes, but Bath brick preserves the polish.

### Onions on Muck Land.

At a recent meeting of the Elmira, (N. Y.) Farmer's Club a report was made in relation to raising onions on muck land. President Hoffman replied that there can be no doubt muck being favorable to a good crop of onions. Orange county which is famous for its onion crop, employs much mucky land for this purpose. The yield sometimes gained is as high as 1,200 bushels per acre. Onions must be thick in rows to give good crops. I was informed by farmers in Orange county that the proper distance apart for rows was about fifteen inches, and that the onions should stand in rows so thickly that the breadth of three should be crowded into the space for two. As for example, suppose the full grown onion should have a dimaeter each of three inches, then three of these onions should stand six inches in the length of the row, making one and a half in the space measured by the diameter of one. Of course they crowd out in growth, but this thick setting is necessary to get the maximum crop, and the ground must be strong enough to support such growth if there is to be profit.

### Disease Among Poultry.

S. F. Larkin, of Aston, this county, writing to the *Germantown Telegraph*, says a disease has made its appearance among the chanticleer family of that neighborhood, that is entirely new in its effects. The symptoms are similar to those appearing in horses laboring under what is called "epizooty." The disease runs its course in a few days, and has not proven fatal in any case where no remedy was attempted. Mr. Larkin in experimenting upon a remedy says: "But a little 'quacking,' however, among our own fowls bore the fruit of two deaths. To the first sick hen, two small pills of cayenne, made up with apple jelly and wheten 'tailings' was given and she recovered. To another was given three of the same pills and she died the next day. To the third hen was recommended the heroic remedy of a teaspoonful of black pepper in lard, which laid her out in two minutes! By this time hen-doctoring became rather unpopular, and we allowed nature to practice on the remainder, and they all got well—a tolerably fair sample of medical practice among quacks." Mr. L. calls the disease "entozoaty," and attributes the cause to a parisite.—*Media Record.*

### Shrewdness and Ability.

Hop Bitters so freely advertised in all the papers, secular and regigious, are having a large sale, and are supplanting all other medicines. There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of these Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability in compounding a Bitters, whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation.—*Exchange.*

J. D. Gilbert, of Elkhart, Ill., who exhibited the fat prize ox at the fat cattle show held in Chicago, gives his mode of feeding young animals as follows: "I feed my young cattle just enough to keep them [strong through the winter months. After they are two and a half years old commence feeding corn winter and summer until I send them to market. Attend to them closely and keep them improving from the time they are led on corn to the time they leave the farm. Generally feed from eight to twelve months on corn. Intend from this time to feed a year younger, and send one year sooner to market. Think I can get my steers at thirty months old to weigh 1,700 pounds. This course will pay much better than to keep them until 36 to 42 months, and get an average of 2,000 to 2,100 pounds out of the cattle.

### How they Get Coffee in Cincinnati.

One of the latest tricks played upon shop keepers was successfully performed at a Cincinnati grocery the other evening. A woman entered and ordered a pound of the best coffee. She carried a jar under her arm, and when the groceryman was about to pour the coffee into a paper bag the customer told her to pour into the jar instead. The man did so, the female leaning over the counter and still holding the jar under her arm, with the bottom of the vessel concealed. When she had received the coffee the female put her hand into her pocket, and with a well feigned expression of annoyance, cried: "I do declare, I have left my purse at home! I'll just set the jar of coffee down on the counter here while I run in and get the money.' She placed the jar on the counter and went out, but she failed to return, and when the storekeeper picked up the jar he was surprised to find that it did not contain any coffee, and that the bottom had been knocked out. It then flashed upon his mind that when he poured the coffee in the jar it ran through into a bag concealed by the female sharper.

'They cannot all lie,' was the observation of one while reading the endless testimonials to Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher.' It is infallible.

### Boys in the Mines.

Mine Inspector W. S Jones, of the Scranton district of the anthracite region, notes the fact that the victims of most of accidents which have occurred in his district this year are boys, seven having been killed in all. It is a difficult matter to train a lively boy to the requirements of the mine. Above ground he is generally permitted to follow the bent of his own wild will, but a romp under ground is frequently an invitation for death. The average boy cannot realize that as long as there is space to move about there can be so much danger, and he forgets the proximity of impregnable roofs and walls of anthracite when seized with the desire to jump on or off a moving car. Again, the inspector says that down in the mine the boys are foot balls for everybody, and are sent on errands to the neglect of their own important duty, for the purpose of obliging those who assume the work of "bossing" them. It would be a very good thing to bring about those who compel boys to run on perilous messages to a realizing sense of their duty, and of the danger and responsibility involved in such acts of thoughtlessness. The lives and limbs of boys are as precious as those of men—and oftentimes a good deal more so—and if those who have supervision do not give them proper protection, the law should do it.—*Pottsville Chronicle.*

### Curiosity of Physical Geography.

The Blue Mountain range that runs through Pennsylvania presents the singular circumstance of being divided by a river every 27 miles. From where the Susquehanna river passes through to the Swatara river is 27 miles. The distance from the Swatara to the Schuylkill is 27 miles. It is 27 miles from the Schuylkill to the Lehigh, and the Delaware cuts the hills in twain at the Water Gap 27 miles further on. A large lake lies in a hollow in New Jersey, 27 miles from the Delaware.

A person starting from Honesdale, Wayne county, Pa., to drive to Bushkill, Pike county, will have a drive of sixty-two miles. It is 27 miles from Blooming Grove, Reach-Milford he will be twenty miles from Blooming Grove. At Dingman's he will be 49 miles from his starting place, and still 20 miles from Blooming Grove. At the Delaware he is 54 miles from Honesdale, and Blooming Grove is 20 miles distant. At Bushkill, his destination, he is 62 miles from his starting point, and yet the finger board tells him that it is "To Blooming Grove twenty miles."

It is the greatest of mistakes, drugging the system with medicines to cure Kidney trouble while the application of a Day's Kidney Pad, to the small of the back will cure when nothing else can. Sold at the Peoples' Drug Store.

If you want to make a certain Virginia City merchant real mad ask him if he has a gravel mine to sell. He got to playing poker one day and won $200, but he took in payment an undeveloped gravel mine. His friends teased him terribly about the alleged worthless property, and at last, getting a little excited, he told them that before he got through with that mine they would see that he was not such a fool as they took him for. Then he wrote to some rich acquaintances that he had a splendid claim, which, being hard up, he would sell cheap for $2000. Then he bought $500 worth of gold dust and nuggets, and salted the claim thoroughly with them. The capitalists came, prospected a little, bought it immediately, and paid him his $2000 cash. In three weeks they got out $8,000 worth of ore. That Virginia City man didn't smile for a month.

Peter what are you doing to that boy?' asked a schoolmaster. 'He wanted to know if you take ten from seventeen how many will remain. I took ten of his apples to show him, and now he wants me to give 'em back.' 'Well, why don't you do it?' Cos, sir, he would forget how many are left.'

'Are you fond of *Hogg's Tales?*' said a rather verdant lady to a shepherd. 'Yes, I like 'em roasted wi' salt on 'em,' was the response. 'No—but I mean have you read *Hogg's Tales?*' 'Noa,' said the bumtkin 'our hogs are all white or black—I don't think there is a red among 'em.'

Chicago workmen are said to be alarmed at the break up of the Chinese in San Francisco. Chicago expects its Chinese population to be increased by at least one thousand within the next few months.

There is a great strike among the miners at Clearfield Nearly twenty-five hundred men are out, demanding an increase of wages.

A Pennsylvania railroad locomotive recently made a run of sixty miles between Jersey City and Trenton in forty-five minutes.


# SWORN EVIDENCE.

**The following Cure is probably the most remarkable ever effected by any medical preparation for the treatment of Catarrh:**

*Gentlemen.*—I hereby certify that I have had Catarrh for ten years, and for the last six years have been a terrible sufferer. I was rendered partially deaf, had buzzing in the head, pains across the temples, dizzy spells, weak and painful eyes, swollen and ulcerated tonsils, hard and frequent cough, severe pain across the chest, and every indication of consumption. My head seized all the time. The matter accumulated so rapidly in my head and throat that I could not keep them free. Frequently at night I would spring out of bed, in seemed to me, at the point of suffocation. I would then have recourse to every means in my power to dislodge the mucus from my throat and head before being able to sleep again. For a period of six years my tonsils were ulcerated and so much inflamed that I could with difficulty swallow. I finally consulted two eminent surgeon in regard to an operation on them, but as his request postponed it. The constant inflammation and ulceration in my throat caused by the falling of matter dropping down from my head had so irritated and inflamed my lungs that I coughed incessantly,—a deep, hard cough. In a word, my entire system became prostrated by the effects of this disease, so that I lost flesh, grew pale, and showed every symptom of an early grave, such as friends, relatives and physicians had realized this stage, or about six months ago, I began the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH, and from the very first dose I began to improve rapidly. The first dose seemed to clear my head as I had not known it to be for years. It seemed greatly to strengthen and invigorate the whole system. In three days. By using it as a gargle I soon realized that inflammation and swelling of my throat was completely restored, and every symptom of disease that had reduced me to the verge of the grave disappeared by the use of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH.

I have been thus explicit because, as a druggist, I have seen a great deal of suffering from Catarrh, and hope to convince many that this is a great remedy.

I am familiar with the treatment of Catarrh as practiced by the best physicians, and have consulted the most eminent about my case. I have used every kind of remedy and apparatus that have appeared during a period of six years past, and have, while following this one, taken great care of my general health, but obtained no relief or encouragement from any of them.

BOSTON, Feb. 25, 1878. GEO. F. DINSMORE.

SUFFOLK, ss. FEB. 25, 1878.

Then personally appeared the said George F. Dinsmore, and made oath that the foregoing statement by him subscribed is true. Before me,

SETH J. THOMAS, Justice of the Peace.

Each package contains Dr Sanford's Improved inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price $1.00. For sale by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States, and WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

## COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

**Affords the most grateful relief in all Affections of the Chest and Lungs.**

### CHRONIC PLEURISY CURED.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen,*—Having for many months past suffered with a very lame side, called by my physician Chronic Pleurisy, caused by a former injury and strain, and for which I used many prescriptions and liniments, as well as the so-called rheumatic cures, without the least benefit, my physician recommended one of your COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTERS, which, to my great surprise, relieved the pain and soreness almost immediately, and I have been able to attend to my household affairs ever since with perfect ease and comfort, whereas, before the application of your invaluable Plaster, I was scarcely able to do anything. I consider them inestimable, and shall with pleasure recommend them to the afflicted. Yours respectfully, MRS. FRANCES HARRIMAN.

ORLAND, Me., April 21, 1875.

There is no medical or protective appliances that will prove so grateful and effective in Tickling Coughs, Irritation and Soreness of the Chest and Lungs. We believe them capable of preventing serious diseases of these organs.

**PRICE, 25 CENTS.**

Do not confound these Plasters with the ordinary Plasters of the day, that by comparison are absolutely worthless.

Be careful to obtain COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER, a combination of Electric or Voltaic Plates with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists, throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

June 13, '79—1y.

BISLY'S PURE DISTILLED

25c Extract 25c

## WITCH HAZEL

*OR, HAMAMELIS VIRGINICA.*

Equal in quality to any made, and only half the price. 6 oz bottles 25c. Pints &c.

Relieves Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Eyes Nose Bleed, Bleeding Lungs, Painful Menses, Whites Asthma Redness Swellings, Piles, etc, Cures Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Wounds Inflammations, Erysipelas, Chilblains, Varicose Veins, Neuralgia, &c

NATURE'S UNIVERSAL REMEDY FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

If your druggist has not got it have him order it of the proprietor.

CHARLES P. BISLEY, Wholesale Druggist, 64 Courtlandt St., New York.

Jan 23, '80,—3m

### NEW FIRM!

The well known C. B. WHITE, Proprietor of the ORANGEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

has sold a half interest in the same to J. W. Conner. The company have repaired the works, and are prepared to accommodate all who want anything in the line of Arcultural Implements. They have just completed a new left hand White plow, which is possible, will beat the right hand. Also surface plows or jointers for the same. A new Thresher and Cleaner with centre shake of riddle shoe, called the

**White Thresher and Cleaner,**

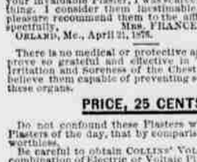
with both lever and railway powers on a greatly improved plan. We manufacture LAND ROLLERS with cast iron heads, Corn Plows, double and single Cultivators, side hill Plows, Mill Castings, Turning of every description done with promptness. We keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Plow Shares for our own and many other plows that are used in the country. We will not be surpassed in work or material of the same quality. All our work is warranted to give satisfaction, or the money refunded. EVERY COMPETITOR, Farmers, and the public in general are requested to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

WHITE & CONNER,

Jan. 16, '79-1y ORANGEVILLE, PA.

## COOLEY CREAMER.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1879.



BUTTER made by this process awarded SWEEPSTAKES at International Dairy Fair, 1878, and GOLD MEDAL and FIRST PREMIUM at same Fair, 1879. FIRST PREMIUM at Royal Agricultural Exhibition, London, 1879.

It requires no milk-room.

It raises all of cream between milkings.
It affords better ventilation.
It requires less labor.
It is more thoroughly made.
It is more prompt, and gives better satisfaction than any other way of setting milk.

THE BUTTER MADE BY THIS CREAMER IS UNEXCELLED IN ITS KEEPING QUALITIES.

*Send for circulars, containing testimonials and information.*

VERMONT FARM MACHINE CO., Bellows Falls Vt.

Feb 13, '79 17w

BEST IN THE WORLD!

ABSOLUTELY AND CHEMICALLY PURE

AND

## SALERATUS

Which is the same thing.

**Impure Saleratus or Bi-Carb Soda (which is the same thing) is often slightly dirty white color. It may appear white, examined by itself, but a COMPARISON WITH CHURCH & CO'S "ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND will show the difference.**

**See that your Saleratus and Baking Soda is white and PURE, as should be ALL SIMILAR SUBSTANCES used for food.**

A simple but severe test of the comparative value of different brands of soda or saleratus is to dissolve a dessert spoonful of each kind with about a pint of water (hot preferred) in clear glasses, stirring until all is thoroughly dissolved. The deleterious insoluble matter in the inferior Soda will be shown after settling some twenty minutes or sooner, by the milky appearance of the solution and the quantity of floating dusky matter according to quality.

Do sure and ask for Church & Co.'s Soda and Saleratus and see that their name is on the package and you will get the purest and whitest made. The use of this with sour milk, in preference to Baking Powder, saves twenty times its cost.

See one pound package for valuable information and read carefully.

**SHOW THIS TO YOUR GROCER.**

January 16, 3m.

## M. C. SLOAN & BRO.

**BLOOMSBURG, PA.**

Manufacturers of

**Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,**

PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

**PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS**
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS

CURES DYSPEPSIA — DR. CLARK — CURES LIVER DISEASES

## JOHNSON'S Indian Blood Syrup.

LABORATORY,
77 W. 3d St., New York City
LATE OF JERSEY CITY.

(TRADE MARK.)

**CURES** *Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Fever & Ague, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Biliousness, Nervous Debility, etc,*

**The Best REMEDY KNOWN to Man!**

70,000 AGENTS HAVE SOLD SINCE 1870

**9.000.000 Bottles.**

*This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties.*

**It stimulates the Pytyaline in the Saliva, which converts the starch and sugar of the food into glucose. A deficiency in Pytyaline causes Wind and Souring of the food in the stomach. If the medicine is taken immediately after eating the fermentation of food is prevented.**
**It acts upon the Liver.**
**It acts upon the Kidneys.**
**It Regulates the Bowels**
**It Purifies the Blood,**
**It Quiets the Nervous System.**
**It Promotes Digestion**
**It Nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.**
**It carries off the Old Blood and renews new**
**It opens the pores of the skin and induces Healthy Perspiration.**

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors.

There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *cure only being required in attention to directions.*

PRICE OF LARGE BOTTLES, - $1.00
PRICE OF SMALL BOTTLES, - - 50

Read the VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS of Persons who have been CURED by the use of the BLOOD PURIFIER.

**Best Medicine Ever Used.**

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had been troubled for a long time with a Pain in my Stomach, and found no relief until I began using your Indian Blood Syrup. I find it the best medicine in use, and I can recommend it to all, old and young. It saves many dollars in doctors' bills, and one large bottle did me more good than five dollars worth of other medicine.

Mariam Labarr.

**An Astonishing Cure.**

Monroe, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had been afflicted with a Cough, Loss of Appetite and Dyspepsia for ten years. I could not properly attend to my business, and hearing of your justly celebrated Indian Blood Syrup, I resolved to try it, which I did, and in a short time was much improved. I now have a good Appetite, and have enjoyed good health ever since I commenced its use.

J. Labarr.

**Sick Headache Cured.**

Bowman's Creek, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had Sick Headache and by the use of your Indian Blood Syrup I was greatly relieved. I recommend all to try its valuable properties.

J. W. Burnett.

**The Remedy did more than she Expected.**

Newberry, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup did more than I expected it would and it has cured me of Liver Complaint. I use it as a Medicine and would not be without it.

Mrs. Mary Charman.

**Headache and Dizziness.**

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of Headache, Dizziness and Loss of Appetite, so that I am now able to work in my factory. My wife derived more benefit from its use than from any other medicine.

Henry Russel.

**Would not be Without it.**

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup is the Best I ever used and I would not be without it, it is good for all complaints.

John Burkhart.

**Diseases of the Stomach.**

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I had a Weak Stomach and could eat no meat or any hearty food whatever. By a friend's advice I commenced the use of your Indian Blood Syrup which after a short trial, effectually relieved me and I can now eat anything I choose. Your Syrup gives universal satisfaction.

Elizabeth Hadsall.

**All that it is recommended to be.**

Opera House, Columbia, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and it has proven just as represented. I can recommend it to all.

Wm. Rechow,
Wholesale Merchant, 5th street.

**Unanimous Recommendation.**

The following add their testimony for the Indian Blood Syrup:

H. E. Orvall, engineer P. R. R.
J. G. Smith, at Baldwins Steel Works.
Mrs. Shrider, of Columbia.
A. Brewer, of Washingtonburgh.
John Kenyo, of Safe Harbor.

**Would not be Without it.**

Benton, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and have received much benefit therefrom. I could not get along without it.

Mrs. Barber.

**Never Fails to Cure.**

East Lemon Wyoming Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—I was sick for three years, and under professional treatment most of the time without being benefited. At last I was induced to try your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and after a short trial, I found my self in better health than I had been for six years.

Mrs. Theron Ball

**Sure Cure for Liver Complaint.**

Rohrsburg, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was troubled with Liver Complaint. I used your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and found it to give it a trial.

L P Smith

**Loss of Appetite.**

Rohrsburg Columbia county Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for Loss of appetite and Weakness of the Stomach, with very beneficial results. I know your medicine to be the greatest blood purifier known, and advise all who may be suffering as I was to give it a speedy trial.

Mrs. E Avery

**Pains in Shoulders.**

Rohrsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has greatly relieved me of Pains in the Shoulder and Chest, which I had been afflicted with for years. I recommend it very highly.

Mrs. Mary Welsh.

**Kidney Complaint.**

Bear Gap, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My Father has been suffering with Kidney complaint for a long time and had been under the Doctors' treatment, but the doctor could not effect a cure. I have been subject to a Numbness and Weakness in my left Arm. We obtained some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP from your Agent, Wm. H. Potter, and it has cured my father completely, and my arm is much better. It does not trouble me half so much. Your medicine is excellent.

Josiah J Ilm.

**Female Complaints.**

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I purchased some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP for my wife for Inflammation and Female Complaint, and it has given her relief.

J K Herber

**Best Medicine Ever Used.**

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My little son was troubled with his water passing from him constantly, day and night. I consulted a physician and gave him medicine, but without effect. I bought some of your celebrated INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP, a short trial of which, cured him.

Lambert Camp.

**Dyspepsia and Indigestion.**

Nimmis, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—For many years my wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia, and we spent considerable money without receiving benefit. We procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and she began to improve in health from the time she commenced its use.

Solomon Snyder

**Liver Complaint.**

Centralia, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was unwell and could scarcely attend to my work. I think my Liver was affected. I procured some of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP and now, after a short trial, feel like a new man. I recommend its use to all.

Daniel Goodman.

**Dyspepsia and Neuralgia.**

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has effected a permanent cure in my case. I had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, but am now entirely well.

Mrs. John Thornton.

**Bilious Stomach Cured.**

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Bilious Complaint and by the use of your INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP it has effectually cured me.

John S Williams.

**Dyspepsia Cured.**

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP has cured me of Dyspepsia.

Mrs. S B Adkins.

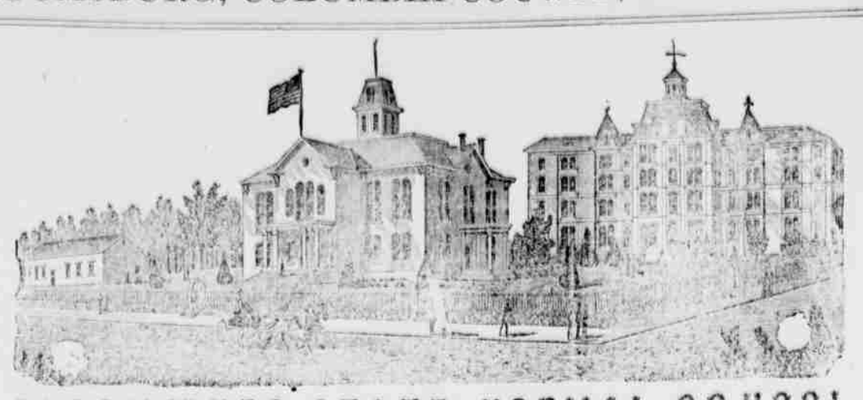
**Liver Complaint.**

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Liver Complaint, but I was permanently cured by using your valuable INDIAN BLOOD SYRUP.

Mrs. G P Bardingame.

Dec 19, 1879-1y W & CO



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Sept. 5, '78. P. P. BILLMYER, Secretary.

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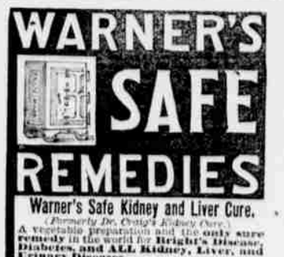
WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES




**Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.**

*(Formerly Dr. Craig's Kidney Cure.)*

A Vegetable preparation and the only sure remedy in the world for **Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and ALL Kidney, Liver, and Urinary Diseases.**

☞ Testimonials of the highest order in proof of these statements.

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☞ For the cure of **Bright's** and the other diseases, call for **Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.**

**WARNER'S SAFE BITTERS.**

It is the best **Blood Purifier,** and stimulates every function to more healthful action, and is thus a benefit in all cases.

It cures **Scrofulous** and other **Skin Eruptions** and Diseases, including **Cancers, Ulcers,** and other **Sores.**

**Dyspepsia, Weakness of the Stomach, Constipation, Dizziness, General Debility,** etc., are cured by the **Safe Bitters.** It is unequaled as an appetizer and regular tonic.

Bottles of two sizes; prices **50c.** and **$1.00.**

**WARNER'S SAFE NERVINE**

Quickly gives **Rest** and **Sleep** to the suffering, cures **Headache** and **Neuralgia,** prevents **Epileptic Fits,** and relieves **Nervous Prostration** brought on by excessive drinking, overwork, mental shocks, and other causes.

Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe disturbed Nerves, it never injures the system, whether taken in small or large doses.

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**WARNER'S SAFE PILLS**

Are an immediate and active stimulus for a Torpid Liver and cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and should be used in connection with the bowels do not operate freely and regularly. As other Pills require such small doses for thorough work, Price **25 cts.** a box. Warner's Safe Remedies are sold by Druggists & Dealers in Medicine everywhere.

H. H. Warner & Co., Proprietors.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
☞ Send for Pamphlet and Testimonials.

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This remarkable medicine will cure Spavin, Splint, Curb, Callous, &c., of any description, and will remove the bunch without blistering or causing a loss of hair. It is a positive and speedy cure in every instance and is certainty of action is surpassed by no remedy known. Read for illustrated circular giving positive proof and voluminous agent's address. **Kendall's Spavin Cure is sold by Druggists,** or sent by Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Enosburg Falls, Vermont.

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Made of iron, beautifully ornamented. Admirable shelves. Cheap and strong. Cannot get out of order. Furnished to school for complete circular and price list. Send 25 cents for our new Illustrated Catalogue of School Merchandise. *Every Parent or Teacher should have it.*

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**VALUABLE TRUTHS.**

If you are suffering from lingering on a bed of sickness,

**Hop Bitters will Cure You,**

If you are a mistaken, self-with your pastoral duties, not with care and work, or if you feel weak and lack knowing why,

**Hop Bitters will Restore You.**

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your everyday duties, toiling over your midnight work,

**Hop Bitters will Strengthen You.**

If you are young, and suffering from any indiscretion, or are growing too fast, as is often the case,

**Hop Bitters will Relieve You.**

If you are in the workshop, on the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating,

**Hop Bitters is What You Need.**

If you are old, and your nerves unsteady, and your faculties waning,

**Hop Bitters will give you New Life and Vigor.**

Hop Cocoa Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children.

The Hop Pain for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. It is perfect. Ask Druggists.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All above sold by druggists. Hop Bitters Mfg. Co. Rochester, N.Y.

May 2, '79-1f.

**NEW CURE,** Consumption & Asthma. With stamp "HOME," Frostburg, Md. feb.6, '80-1y W&CO

Cannot be excelled for the cure of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, Protruding and Itching Piles.

We guarantee it in every case, instead of low buy standing or less simply rented. It gives instant relief, and cures the worst cases in two weeks. It has never failed to cure. It seldom requires more than one box to cure a case. Ointment or suppositories are unn